Almost Every Person Has Time to Read In the Evening Paper

Victoria Daily Times.

Only a Few Have Time to Read in the Morning.

VOL. 17 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JULY 11, 1892. NO. 12

HUGHES & O'BRIEN

Have opened their new store at

74 YATES STREET

With a full line of

Groceries and Provisions.

EVERYTHING NEW AND FRESH.

Telephone No. 530.

JUST RECEIVED

Ex 'Ariadne," "Lizzie Bell," and "Irvine," large consignments of

PAINTS

direct from the manufacturers, which we are selling at Low Prices.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

We carry the most complete line of Coach Colors, Varnishes, and Paints in the Province.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.

TELEPHONE 82. P.O. BOX 86.

STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

KIRK BLOCK

55, 57, 59 Douglas Street, corner of Fort.

THE ABOVE IS OUR NEW ADDRESS.

All Welcome to our

Re-opening on Saturday Evening

July 9th, 6:30 to 10 p.m.

See Handbills and Future Advertisements for list of Bargains.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.

Williams Building, 28 Broad Street.

5-ACRE GARDENS

Close to Victoria, $60 per acre. Terms extending over three years.

Money to loan on good security. Insurance effected at current rates.

OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY AND MONDAY EVENINGS.

PREVENT DISEASE

By using

CARBO-NAPTHAZONE

Disinfecting Powder.

LANGLEY & CO., - - 21-23 YATES STREET.

GEORGE E. MUNRO

82 DOUGLAS STREET.

Groceries, -:- Provisions.

ORDERS SOLICITED. GOODS DELIVERED FREE

ABOUT THE CANAL TOLLS.

President Harrison Adheres to his Contention that Canada Discriminates.

State Militia Ordered out to Quell the Trouble at Homestead Iron Works.

An ex-Employee of the British Government Offers to Sell Valuable Information.

OTTAWA, July 11.—Premier Abbott states that he was yesterday advised from the British legation at Washington that supplementary papers in connection with the canal toll question had been laid before President Harrison, who, however, still adheres to his original contention that there is discrimination against the United States in the use of the Canadian canal. The Premier is apparently not discouraged, as he says the submission of the case to an impartial tribunal will fully justify the course Canada had followed. It is currently reported in official circles that a request will be made of the U. S. to submit this case to arbitration.

Militia Ordered Out.

PITTSBURG, July 11.—Intense excitement prevails here over the ordering out of the state militia. The opinion is prettily evenly divided as to the action of the locked out men when confronted with the members of the guard. It is believed among the laboring element that the men will resist the state guard to the last. Two Pittsburg regiments and one battery here are composed largely of workingmen, and there may be some difficulty in getting these men into line. Their officers are confident, however, that those who do turn out will obey orders and fire if necessary. All the men summoned thus far have responded without delay.

PITTSBURG, July 11. — Pittsburg troops will leave at 2 p.m. for Brinton station, to join the brigade which will go thence to Homestead, via the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston Railroad. The battery will be marched overland to Brinton, taking two gattling guns and a twelve-pounder. The brigade will reach Homestead late in the afternoon.

HOMESTEAD, July 11.—At 8 a. m. all was quiet, the men awaiting the arrival of the militia. At the coming of the troops the price of eatables has been greatly advanced. Beef sold at 12 cts, is now 20 cents per pound, and other supplies are unusually high. Burgess McClusky says no resistance will be offered to the state troops. One of the strikers, who heard this remark, said: "What, not if they come to shoot us down like dogs?" Burgess assured the man it was not their intention but he persisted that if the militia interfered with the mill men there would be trouble. When the chief of police was asked if the troops would be met at Borrough line and escorted to the town, he replied: "No, we will give these fellows a wide berth. We don't want a military town. They can go to the mills if they want to." The attitude of the locked out men and sympathizing citizens is that the Carnegie mills are in Alleghany County, outside the borough of Homestead and the borough is in a peaceable condition which does not call for the interference of the state troops.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., July 11.—The fear that the Homestead lockout would interfere with the construction of the city water supply plant resulted yesterday in the cancelling of a contract with Carnegies for twenty miles of water pipes. The work was given to Pottstown and Croton firms.

He Wants to be a Traitor.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—An Englishman who represented that he had been in the employ of the British Government as a draughtsman applied to the Navy department for work, and offered to furnish this country with a good deal of valuable information which might be put to use. He did not succeed in seeing the chief constructor on the day he called, and deferred making a formal application for the position until yesterday, when the following letter was received at the Bureau of construction, dated at Camden, N.Y. "I write you to enquire if you can see your way clear to offer me an appointon your constructive staff. The information I possess is extremely valuable, not only to any government, but especially to yours at this stage of your shipbuilding history. I am prepared to become an American citizen, or, in fact, sign any document covering any term of years fixed by yourself. I am anxious to enter your service, and can only add that in the event of your failing to appreciate the offer now held out I will be compelled to approach private firms of this country or accept service in some foreign constructive department." It frequently happens that men who have seen service abroad seek places under this government on the strength of alleged valuable information they possess. These men are looked at askance by the authorities, for those who would betray the secrets of one government, especially the country of which he is a native, wowld do as much for this country if he ever got the opportunity.

CLOVERDALE

Close to Saanich Road Car Line.

Fine Lots, No Rock

$275---EASY TERMS.

This property is really cheap and a good investment.

SWINERTON & ODDY

Real Estate Brokers,

108 GOVERNMENT ST.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.

Passengers Inspected—Contigeous Diseases Hospital to be Provided

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 11.—At the police court this morning Philip, an Indian, was sentencee to a month's imprisonment for being intoxicated. Philip said he got the liquor from a white man on the steamer Delaware.

Magistrate Atkinson this morning committed Ah Foo and Ah Hee to stand their trial, charged with conspiring against Boo Kim.

Medical Health Officer Smith and Sanitary Inspector Pearce inspected the passengers on the Princess Louise from Victoria. The city council this evening will take action to establish a contagious disease hospital in case of emergency.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 11.—Antonio Catier, who stabbed a Mexican named Louis Causman, was this morning committed to the assizes by Magistrate Atkinson. The evidence went to prove that Catier attacked Causman at the latter's house without provocation. Causman had supplied Catier with food and drink and because Causman remonstrated with Catier for using obscene language, Catier knocked Causman down with a lamp and while on the floor stabbed him in the chest and head and left arm. The wounds were deep and but for the aid of an Indian woman, Mrs. Gibson, Causman would have died to death. The wounds were not inflicted in a vital part. Causman will recover.

Judge Bole, in the court of appeal this morning, reduced the assessment in Delta municipality all around.

VANCOUVER.

The inquest on the remains of Edith Edgar was completed on Saturday, and a verdict returned that the girl had committed suicide. John Holden testified that the girl stopped at the middle of the bridge, and came back about half-a-dozen yards, and then went back again to where she had stopped at first. She stood there a minute, and then went down on her knees. She put her feet under the rail of the bridge and then crawled through, and the next thing he saw was her fall in the water. He did not think it looked as though she fell in accidentally. He tried to get a boat, but no one was around, and the boat was tied in deep water. He then went down to the Bridge Hotel, and while crossing the bridge saw two men put out in a boat. He saw her come up twice. The tide was coming in at the time. Other witnesses corroborated Holden.

Return of Archbishop Ireland.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn., arrived on the steamship Britannic last night. He was very much surprised that the newspaper reporters knew of his intended arrival, because he had not registered on the steamship's book until after he had left Queenstown. The archbishop, however, positively refused to talk regarding his trip abroad or as to his future movements. On all other subjects he chatted in a manner which indicated that he was well pleased with himself. The only information he vouchsafed was obtained in an unguarded moment. He was asked about the report from St. Paul that there was authentic news that he would be created a cardinal. He replied and with some feeling: "There is no foundation whatever for such a report, and I feel quite mortified that my name should be used in a connection of this kind." Then he withdrew himself into his shell again, and to all questions bearing in any way on his trip to Rome the invariable answer was: "I positively decline to be interviewed." He added that he was sorry, because he liked always to please the press, for it was necessary for the welfare of the country.

The Berkley Victims.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Five bodies of the victims of the explosion are lying at the Oakland morgue. Three are remains of white men and two are Chinamen. The funeral of John Bowe will be held at the Catholic church in Berkley to-morrow morning. His ill-fated white companions will be buried at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Chinese dead will be turned over to their countrymen after the inquest, to be buried, as in the case of the white victims, at the expense of the Judson Shepard Company. The inquest is at 2 p.m. on Saturday and may occupy several days, as all the employees are to be summoned. Coroner Everts summoned his jury this morning.

Claims Another Victim.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, N. Y., July 11.—While Wilbert Anderson was fishing in the rapids below the whirlpool on this side of the Niagara river, about 5 o'clock this morning, he fell into the swift current and was dashed to death against the rock and the body sank. His companions made several unsuccessful attempts to rescue him. He was master mechanic of the Lehigh Valley railroad here, and was forty-two years old. He leaves a family. The body has not been recovered.

THROWING UP THE SPONGE

Gladstone's Opponents Now Concede Him a Small Majority in the New House.

Some More Notable Gains To-day—The Figures According to Latest Reports.

The Tory Organ Consoles Itself With the Hope of Disagreements Among Gladstonians.

LONDON, July 11.—At the close of Saturday's polling 399 members of Parliament had been elected. Of these 187 were Conservatives, 28 Liberal-Unionists, 157 Liberals, 23 anti-Parnellite Nationalists and four Parnellites. The anti-Home Rule majority was then 31, and the net gain of seats by the Liberals was 30.

The following election returns were received to-day:

Kildare, North division—Kennedy, anti-Parnellite, elected over Carew, Parnellite.

Dumfries district — Reid, Liberal, elected over Agnew, Liberal-Unionist.

Sligo, South division—Curran, anti-Parnellite, elected over Folliott, Conservative.

Banffshire—Duff, Liberal, re-elected over Barry, Independent. Duff was junior Lord of the Treasury and civil Lord of the Admiralty under Gladstone.

Suffolk, Lowestoft division—Foster, Conservative, elected over Judd, Liberal.

Forfarshire—Rigby, Liberal, elected over Barclay, Liberal-Unionist. This is a gain for the Liberals. The Unionist candidate, Barclay, who sat as a Liberal from December 1892, deserted the party on the Home Rule issue and took the constituency with him. The constituency now deserts Barclay and goes back to the Liberals.

Wiltshire, Chippingham division—Dickson Poynder, Conservative, elected over Fuller, Liberal.

Carnarvon district—David Lloyd—George, Liberal, re-elected over Pulston, Conservative.

Devonshire, Barnstable division—Billston, Liberal, elected over White, Liberal-Unionist. This is a signal gain for the Liberals.

Down, East division—Rentoul, Conservative, unopposed.

Limerick, East division—Finucane, anti-Parnellite, over Nunan, Parnellite.

Berkshire, Abingdon division — Wroughton, Conservative, re-elected over Pryce, Liberal.

Kincardineshire—Crombie, Liberal, elected over Stephen, Liberal, who ran on the platform of opposition to the disestablishment of the Scottish church.

Galway, North division—Nolan, Parnellite, re-elected over Dr. Tanner, anti-Parnellite.

Donegal, West division—Timothy D. Sullivan, anti-Parnellite, without opposition. He was defeated last week for re-election in the College Green division of Dublin.

Louth, South division—Ambrose, anti-Parnellite, elected over Nolan, Parnellite. T. P. Gill, who represented the division in the late Parliament, wished to run as a neutral candidate, but he got no support.

The figures now stand: Conservatives, 194; Liberal-Unionists, 27; total anti-Home Rule, 221; Liberals, 163; labor, 5; anti-Parnellites, 29; Parnellites, 5.

The success of Gladstone by a small majority is now virtually admitted. The Standard, the Conservative party organ, says: "If the Gladstonians cannot be prevented from returning to office they may yet be prevented from returning to power. Mr. Gladstone with a nominal majority of 30 would be in as embarrassed and hopeless position as the head of a cabinet could occupy. If he brought in his Home Rule bill, unless it contained everything Parnell demanded, the Parnellites and anti-Parnellites would immediately compete in dissatisfaction with the measure; if the bill conferred upon an Irish parliament uncontrolled power, a number of his English and Scotch adherents would desert him."

RAVACHOL'S DEATH.

The Anarchist Dies Blaspheming and Singing Indecent Songs.

PARIS, July 11.—Ravachol, the anarchist murderer, was guillotined at 4:05 o'clock this morning by W. Diebler, public executioner, at Mont prison. The scaffold was erected in a public place, only 60 metres from the prison. Ravachol was awakened about 4 o'clock and rudely refused the religious offices of the priest. Yet in spite of the profane bravado, he was feverishly excited. A great crowd gathered and he was hurried to the guillotine surrounded by a crowd of troops. Ravachol, when the opportunity to speak came, begun to sing an indecent song and danced an accompaniment. This was stopped when the executioner and aides seized him and instantly his head dropped in an assumption of indifference and he struggled violently, using the vilest epithets while being bound to the plank. The blasphemous tirade was cut short by the swift falling knife, and the head of the notorious robber, incendiary and murderer fell into the basket, the crowd witnessing the ghastly sight with stolid indifference. There was no sympathy for the man who had pretended that his crimes were in the interest of the people. Although convicted of several crimes, the capital offence was for the murder of the Hermit of Chambles, from whom he is said to have secured 60,000 francs.

Montreal News.

MONTREAL, July 11.—A fireman named Garrid, while getting on a hook and ladder truck that was returning from a fire, slipped, and the wheels passing over his body. He died shortly after.

The body of Lee, the last of the Minnie-wa-wa victims, was found last night opposite Quebec. It will be brought to Montreal for interment.

It is rumored in railway circles that the Canadian Pacific Railway will shortly acquire the Anchor line steamship City of Rome for the Japan route. The Angoria, of the Guion line is also mentioned as a possible purchase.

NANAIMO NEWS.

A Panther and a Doe—Precaution Against Contagion, Etc.

NANAIMO, July 11.—A few days ago, whilst a farmer in Cedar District, named John Doole, was sitting quietly in his house, he heard what he took to be the bleating of a sheep, and thinking that something was wrong he grasped his axe and went out. The sight that met his eyes was indeed surprising. Not thirty feet from the fence was a young doe being worried by a huge panther, and the weaker animal appeared to be done for. Doole immediately went up to the twain and catching hold of the doe by the hind leg severed its head from the body with one blow. He then dragged the carcass to the house and Mr. panther followed close by, but after seeing Doole enter the house the panther took a hurried departure. Next day the panther was seen by Mr. Joe Carston up a tree and was fired at but the shot only wounded the beast which showed fight, but a well-aimed shot from Carston's repeating rifle settled his account.

The drug stores in this city are doing a good business just now in the sale of vaccine points and camphor. Almost everyone who had not previously been vaccinated is getting it down now, so that it is hardly necessary to make it compulsory. Nearly every person one meets has a compressed tablet or perforated locket of camphor in his pocket and the odor seems to permeate the entire city. Every possible care is being taken to prevent the introduction of smallpox into this city.

The Caledonian, Y. M. C. A., and Northfield football teams turned out in funeral regalia last evening to attend the memorial sermon preached by Rev. McRae on the deceased Peter Arbuckle, in the Presbyterian church.

Wm. Ross, of Wellington, was fined $20 and costs by Judge Harrison on Saturday for indecently exposing himself while bathing at Departure Bay.

The funeral of Mrs. Dunn took place yesterday afternoon and was attended by the C.O.O.F. in full uniform, of which the bereaved husband is a member.

The infantry corps paraded on Saturday afternoon and marched from the hall to the rifle range, where they spent two hours in practice at the butts.

An attempt will be made to stop the Orangemen leaving the city to-morrow morning for Vancouver. Dr Praeger says if they go they will all have to be vaccinated on their return.

The Loyal Lodge of Orangemen turned out in full regalia yesterday morning and marched from the hall to the Baptist church, where a special sermon was preached by Dr. Good.

John Henry Hilbert was incarcerated in the Nanaimo jail on Saturday for ill-treating his wife. He will probably be kept there for some time.

Mr. Sam Trapp came over from Westminster on Saturday for his children, his wife having taken a sudden departure at the instigation of a well known citizen who Trapp claims has some influence over her.

Fighting a Monopoly.

TORONTO, July 11.—The attempt on the part of the Ontario Government, to smash the binder twine monopoly, hinted at some time ago, has at last taken definite shape. A factory for the manufacture of twine is to be set up in the Central prison, the prisoners to furnish the labor required. Machinery has already been bought, and farmers will soon be able to purchase this necessary article at first cost.

Educational Convention.

MONTREAL, July 11.—The Education Convention closed on Saturday. Hon. Mr. Ross, Minister of Education for Ontario, was elected president. Among the vice-presidents elected were Daniel McIntyre, Manitoba; Stephen Pope, British Columbia; and James Brown, Northwest Territory.

Sheriff Sutton, of Bruce.

WALKERTON, July 11.—Investigation into the charges brought against Wm. Sutton, sheriff of the county of Bruce, the principal of which is the neglect of duty, has been concluded and a report made to the Government that they have been sustained.

An Engineer's Salary.

TORONTO, July 11. — Keating, of Duluth, who was appointed city engineer here, refuses to come for a salary of $4000, as it is $500 less than he is getting there as city engineer. He wants $5000.

Search Lights vs. Torpedo Boats.

It is stated that one of the most effective means of protecting a ship in these days of torpedoes—the grouping together of a number of stationary search-lights, each illuminating its own section, so that the ship is surrounded by an unbroken circle of light—is to be adopted in the new American warships. This has been suggested by a very pronounced defect in the usual search-light practice. In order to afford sufficient light for a careful examination of the water's surface at points removed from the ship, the beam of light must be revolved very slowly, and hence, during a great portion of the time, any particular section of water is left in darkness. As it takes only five minutes for a torpedo-boat to run a distance of two miles, it will be seen that the conditions are in favor of the attacking force. Before the revolution of the search-light is completed there is plenty of time for the torpedo-boat to run up and discharge her deadly weapons.

ST. LOUIS, July 11.—The national executive committee of the People's Party will meet here on Tuesday, July 12, Lawrance J. McParlin, of New York, secretary of committee, arrived here to-night.

THE . . . . LATEST . . . . NOVELTIES IN **WALL PAPER** PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC. JUST OPENING . . . AT J. W. MELLOR'S 76-78 Fort St., above Douglas.

THE INDIAN DEPARTMENT.

Hon. David Mills Criticizes the Management of Indian Affairs at Ottawa.

Very Large Expenditures for Small Results—Ways of Effecting Savings.

From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, July 2.—Before adjourning for Dominion Day, Hon. David Mills in the Commons gave a criticism of the extravagances which have grown up in connection with the management of the Indian Department. His speech is brim full of information. In the first place he showed that the Minister of the Interior paid out for salaries $569,000 a year in connection with his department. Of this amount $231,000 was paid out in connection with the Interior Department proper; $273,318 for salaries for the Indian branch, $49,450 for the geological branch, and $9,550 for the Mounted Police. Of course the latter department is not under the charge of Mr. Dewdney. It was always carted backwards and forwards with the late Prime Minister, and for the present Sir John Caldwell Abbott is presiding over the department. The land management, Mr. Mills said, he would leave over until the next session, and his remarks on the Indian affairs would be compressed as closely as it was possible to do so.

COSTLY MANAGEMENT.

The head office at Ottawa paid out for appropriations last year $50,000. The Regina office employs 25 persons and costs the country $31,150. The head office in British Columbia employs 23 persons and costs $30,860, and the Manitoba agency costs $5,740. For these four central offices, including the department here, the salaries to 101 persons amount to $116,125. The outside service in Ontario employs 34 persons at salaries amounting to $16,656 and in Quebec 12 persons are employed at a cost of $3009. In Manitoba 15 officials cost $15,840 to look after 9876 Indians. This is equal to about $1.40 paid to the officials for every Indian that is in Manitoba. The head office in the

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

employs 25 persons at salaries amounting in all to $31,150. In treaty No. 4 there are 44 officials at a cost of $25,860 for 4,043 Indians. So that to take charge of 4,043 Indians within treaty No. 4 there are 44 agents, not including the Regina office, employed at a cost of $25,860, which is equal to $6.39 for every Indian in the Territories. As the treaty provides for the distribution of $5 a head amongst the Indians, leaving out the extra sum paid to chiefs and head men, it costs $1.29 more to pay the agents employed in the distribution of the fund than the amount of the fund itself. Treaty No. 6 employs 38 officials at a cost of $28,804 to take charge of 5561 Indians. In Treaty No. 7 there are 24 officials at a cost of $15,100 and 4947 Indians. Take therefore together the Regina office and the various agencies, we find that to take charge of 13,885 Indians, leaving out the non-treaty Indians and the extra amounts paid to chiefs and headmen, costs $85,914 or $6.91 for every Indian—considerably more than the Indians receive. This was for management alone and did not include food.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

If we go to British Columbia, according to the figures given by Mr. Mills, the cost of the Indian management there is often even more extravagant than it is in the Northwest Territories. The total reserved for sheep, cattle, grain, wood, hay, furs, etc., produced by the Indians was $40,875 or far less than we pay the parties who take charge of these Indians to enable them to produce this amount of crop for the market. Over $100,000 could easily be saved in salaries in the Northwest without affecting the state of the service. In British Columbia the several officers in the Indian Department cost $30,860. "I do not think," said Mr. Mills, "there is any warrant for such a cost. If any hon. gentleman will take the trouble of looking into the report on Indian Affairs, he will find that the commission which was established about 1874 or 1875 for setting out the Indian reserves, and which it was then thought would come to an end about 1881 or 1882, as all the reserves, it was thought, would then be set out, is existing to-day; and that the Indian Department has little or nothing to do at present. Let us look at the cost of the commission. Mr. O'Reilly receives a salary of $3500 a year. I have looked at the services done and at the work undertaken by the head office; and taking the salaries of the chainmen who were employed, you can tell nearly how many days they were at work by seeing how much each of them received. The full amount that all this cost is $3026, and the parties in the offices were evidently employed less than five days during the year. Any hon. gentleman who will analyze the report will see that is the case. Take the number of chainmen and divide the amount paid them by the ordinary wages of each man per day, and you will find that less than five days' employment were given those men, and there is, therefore, no necessity for keeping up that commission at present. Let me call attention to some of the agencies. Take

THE KOOTENAY AGENCY.

You pay the agent a salary of $1225, besides $420 travelling expenses and $348 office expenses, making the total cost of the agency in salaries, travelling, and office expenses $2393. What did that Kootenay agency do in return for this expenditure? Let any hon. gentleman turn up part second of the Indian Report, and he will see for himself. It provided nothing for supplies, and distributed implements to the value of $130.68.

Mr. Dewdney. The industrial school.

Mr. Mills. (Bothwell)—I am leaving out the school altogether, because the schools are not under the control of the agents but of their principals. The agricultural implements distributed cost $130.68, the seed grain distributed among the destitute Indians cost $166.65, and medicine was given to the amount of $65.80, so that there were distributed among the Indians $296.73 worth of seed grain and plows and $65 worth of medicine, for the work of distributing which we pay in salaries to agents $2893. Let any hon. gentleman say whether there is any justification for such an expenditure, and whether such an organization has any other object for its existence than simply to pension certain parties upon the public treasury. I do not think it has. I think it is perfectly clear that all this expenditure is simply a charge upon the public treasury which might, without detriment to the public service, be nearly if not altogether dispensed with. Take the North-West Coast agency. There was paid in salaries to agents, $2975.51; travelling expenses, $650.65; and office expenses, $429.98, or in all $4045.84. What was done for this money? What service did these men perform in the public interest to whom this money was paid? They distributed $193.50 among the destitute Indians. They distributed implements and seed grain, $148.95, and they dosed the Indians with $2114 worth of medicine. I am not going into details to see where these medicines were purchased and and from whom, but everyone will see at once how preposterous such a bill is. It would be of some use, possibly, to have given to these Indians $2000 worth of food or provisions, but to have given them instead pills and powders and catapasms and plasters to the value of $2114, seems preposterous, and I think the hon. gentleman himself must feel that it is an unwarrantable charge on the public treasury. Then, if you take the Kwahkewith agency, I find we pay to the agent there $1200, besides $353.56 travelling expenses and $46 office expenses, or in all $1600. What did he do for that? He paid out to the school $65.63, to destitute Indians $220, and for medicines $98.78; so that for the payment of a little more than $300 you are charging for salaries $1600. Then, when we come to

THE FRASER AGENCY,

there is an agent at $1200 and assistance at $47.50, travelling expenses $127.50, office expenses $27.75, making a total of $1,412.75. The school there costs $1,651.55, the provision for the destitute Indians is $777.49, for seed grain $322.65, and for medicines $1941. In British Columbia the largest item, next to the salaries of the officers of the Indian Branch, is the charge for medicines supplied for these Indians. In the Cowichan agency, the salary is $1200, the wages of men employed in the agency $261, the travelling expenses $400, the office expenses $213, or a total of $2074. The school there receives $68 94, the destitute Indians $555.90, for implements and seed grain the amount is $106.35, and for medicines $491.81. So that there the amount distributed amongst the Indians is less than half the amount distributed among the white men for salaries, &c. In the West Coast agency, salaries, office expenses and travelling expenses foot up to $1754. The school there receives $74, destitute Indians $216, and for medicines $230; so, if you add the medicines and schools and destitute Indian funds together, that will amount to about $500, and to distribute that $500 to the Indians you pay $1754 in salaries and so on, or three times the amount is paid to the white men in the form of salaries that you give to the Indians in the way of necessities and benevolences. Then, in the Babine agency, the salary, wages, travelling expenses and office expenses amount to $2,386.52, the school there costs $23.28, for seed grain and implements there is paid $30.75, for medicine $259, and for the relief of destitute Indians $752, so that you have still less than half the amount distributed and paid over for the benefit of the Indians than the amount which is paid in the form of salaries to white men in the public service. In the Williams Lake agency, the salaries, wages, travelling expenses and office expenses amount to $1806, the seed grain and implements cost $318.60, to destitute Indians $333, and the medicines $492. If the hon. gentleman were to get rid of physic, if he were to throw that to the dogs, and were to discharge his officials, the public treasury would be relieved of more than $70,000 in British Columbia alone. I might refer to the other agencies. In the Kamloops agency, the salaries, travelling and office expenses amount to $2165, the charges for destitute Indians are $13.35, for seed grain and implements $217.30, and for medicines $1280. If you were to leave out the medicines, the Indians receive about one-tenth of the amount received by the officials.

OKANAGAN MISSION.

The salary there is $400, and is paid to Mr. McKay, who is also the agent at Kamloops; so that he receives $2200 as salary for his services at these two agencies. The sum paid there for the relief of destitute Indians was $13.37; for seed grain and implements, $38.33; medicine, $135.19; so that even there the amount received by the agent was three times as great as the amount distributed amongst the Indians for the various purposes: Now, there are several industrial schools in British Columbia; I do not propose to find any fault with the expenditure for that purpose. I do not know how far these schools are efficient, or how much the attendance is. I find the industrial school at Metlakatla costs $5711; at Kamloops, $5302; at Kuper, $5237; at Kootenay, $7000; and at Leetza Home, $2300. They all may be necessary; what the attendance is I cannot at this moment say, but if the schools are efficient I have no fault to find with that expenditure. I now wish to call the attention of the committee for a moment to the expenditure on surveys. I pointed out to the committee that about 1875 a dispute arose between the Government of British Columbia and the Department of Indian Affairs here with regard to the expenditure on the Indian reserves that should be set apart to the Indians under the terms of union between British Columbia and Canada. It order to set apart what was regarded as adequate and fair reserves in the interest of the Indians, showing that no Indian title was recognized in the soil, two commissioners were appointed, one by each Government, and a third was agreed upon, and they proceeded to set apart reservations in various parts of British Columbia. After two or three years it was agreed that the party who was acting as umpire in the case should be sole commissioner for this purpose. At a still later period, some time about 1880 or 1881, a surveying party was established in which Mr. O'Reilly was named as chief commissioner. Four surveyors were named, I think, at $1800 each, whose names are mentioned here in the report of the Minister of the Interior, and they have continued in existence ever since. Now, at page 43 of part II, will be found an expenditure under Mr. Green

FOR INDIAN SURVEYS,

mentioned on the top of the page as $401. So far as one can judge, about ten days were occupied by that party. Then there was an expenditure under Mr. Skinner, another surveyor, who received nine months' salary, $1350. It will be seen by the wages of the axemen and other expenses that probably 15 days were occupied by that party. Then there is an expenditure to Mr. Devereux, another surveyor, who received 11 months' salary, $1669.35. That party seems to have been occupied about four months, or four and a half. Then there is an expenditure under Mr. Fletcher, who received two months' salary, $800, and it will be seen from the wages of the chainmen, axemen and others, that the whole expenditure of this survey was $1821, and perhaps a month and a half or two months were taken in that survey. Then the Indian commission, as I have mentioned, at a cost of $6326, seem to have devoted about five days to surveying operations. There is the salary of Mr. O'Reilly, $3500; the salary of a surveyor, $1800; wages of a Chinaman, $10. I do not know whether he was paid $2 or $3 a day; certainly he was not paid less than $2, and that would imply five days' service. Then there is the wages of the various axemen, board allowance, provisions, packing, transportation, and so on, making a total cost of $6326. Well, probably part of the expense was salary of the commissioner, the surveyor for the year, and the cost of transportation. Whether the survey was made at great

DISTANCE FROM VICTORIA

I cannot say, but it is pretty clear, from the wages to the parties of Chinamen, that not more than five days could have been occupied in the surveys. Now, I bring these matters under the attention of the committee, and I specially direct the attention of the Minister of Finance and the Minister of the Interior to these charges. I know that there could be an enormous saving in this department. I am satisfied that a hundred thousand dollars, as I have already said, could be saved in salaries alone without in the smallest degree interfering with the efficiency of the department; on the contrary, I believe that efficiency would be increased if the organization in the outlying districts were simplified, and responsibility increased by being fixed upon some definite party, and a small allowance in the way of salary for payment of actual service given. It seems to me preposterous, where a man is occupied for two or three days in the year visiting the Indian reserves, looking after some Indian matter, that he should be paid a salary of $1500 a year when he has really nothing to do. I make no objection to the department having in its mind some person to whom it may refer to undertake the responsibilities for the two or three days, or a week, that his services may be required; but I see the greatest objection to such a man being a permanent officer of the department with a fixed annual salary, when he can have no services to perform on behalf of the public for the moneys which he receives. I am not further going to trespass upon the indulgence of the committee; I know that the committee is becoming impatient, and that hon. gentlemen are anxious to attend to their own private affairs. But I notify the Minister of Interior that if we meet again next session I will ask for a full consideration, a minute consideration of these various branches of the public service under his control, which I am sure may be greatly reformed, especially in British Columbia and the Northwest, without in the slightest way imparing the efficiency of the department." SLABTOWN.

Mrs. Harrison's Health.

LOON LAKE, N.Y., July 11.—Mrs. Harrison's health is improving. The President will leave Loon Lake House to-morrow on a special over Dr. Webb's road to Malone. Dr. Gardiner will remain with Mrs. Harrison until she can do without a medical attendant.

Mr. L. B. Hamlen,

Of Augusta, Me., says: "I do not remember when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla; it was several years ago, and I have found it does me a great deal of good in my declining years.

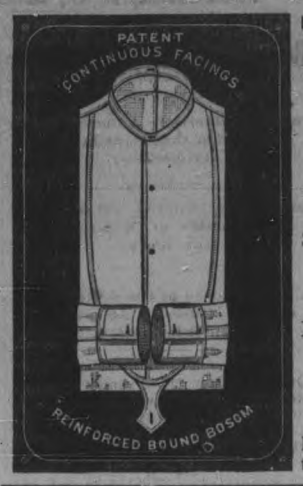
I am 91 Years

2 months and 26 days old, and my health is perfectly good. I have no aches or pains about me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

regulates my bowels, stimulates my appetite, and **helps me to sleep well.** I doubt if a preparation ever was made so well suited to the wants of **old people.**" L. B. HAMLEN, Elm Street, Augusta, Me., Sept. 26, 1891.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless, safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable.



Victoria Shirt Mf'g Co.

52½ Government Street.

ONLY WHITE LABOR EMPLOYED.

Satisfaction as to quality and fit guaranteed.

FIRST PRIZE AND DIPLOMA

At Victoria Exhibition.

Please call at the factory, or send postal card and an agent will call to take your measure.

DRAWING TO-NIGHT

AT 7 O'CLOCK

For this Rig, at Our Store

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

37 Johnson Street.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. J. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1892.)

CAPITAL PAID UP	£800,000	$3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND	£245,000	$1,225,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. L. WARD, MANAGER.

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!

The Upton Line of Steamships

GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION

$300!! $300!! $300!!

Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

SS. PALMAS

Due at Victoria July 16.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer Alameda.....THURSDAY, July 21st, 1892, 4 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents

ov2

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **ISABEL**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday 7 a.m

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD.

VICTORIA ROUTE.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

8:00 a.m	*Lv Tacoma	Ar	5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m	Lv Seattle	Lv	3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m	Lv Pt Town's'd	Lv	11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m	Ar Victoria	Lv†	8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m	*Lv Seattle	Ar	3:00 p.m.
12:30 a.m	Lv Pt Madison	Lv	2:10 p.m.
	Lv Kingston	Lv	
3:00 a.m	Lv Pt Gamble	Lv	11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m	Lv Pt Ludlow	Lv	10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m	Ar Pt Town's'd	Lv‡	8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m	*Lv Seattle	Ar	2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m	Lv Edmonds	Lv	12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m	Lv Muckilteo	Lv	10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m	Lv Everett	Lv	9:45 a.m.
12:00 m	Lv Marysville	Lv	9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m	Lv Lowell	Lv	8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m	Ar Snohomish	Lv*	7:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday ‡Daily except Monday.

Snohomish River steamer leaves Tacoma, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 6:00 p m.

Steamer City of Kingston makes close connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

G. G. CHANDLER, G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

ja18

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - July 12

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL, Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

BOATING SUITS, FINE FLANNEL SHIRTS, LIGHT WEIGHT JACKETS,
CRICKETING PANTS, STRAW HATS, SUMMER SUITS
For Men and Boys.
LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.
B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
97 Johnson Street.

THE ST. JOHN'S FIRE.

Fourteen Lives Lost and Fifteen Thousand People Left Without Homes.

HALIFAX, July 9.—The fire at St. John's burned two-thirds of the city, destroying 650 buildings and causing a loss of 14 lives. Fifteen thousand people are homeless, and nearly all completely destitute. All the Government records have been burned and many lives been lost, as members of many families are missing. All the stores and provisions are destroyed and fires are raging all round the city. They effectually prevent all communication except by water. Unless succor comes in plenty and once many must die of starvarion. No conception of the disaster that has overtaken the colony can be conceived by message reports. A message from Cat's Cove, seven miles from Bregu, says that the village consisting of 26 houses has been entirely wiped out of existence. The fire caught from the woods, which were set on fire by ashes on the railroad track. Fires are raging all around St. John's and the people are so completely terror-stricken that no fight is being made against the flames. Towns 22 miles distant are burning and the smoke from the fires envelopes the island for miles.

The loss is estimated at $20,000,000, and 15,000 are homeless.

The steamer Ulunda sailed to-night with provisions for the destitute. H. M. S. Admiral and the warship Blake also sailed with provisions, and tents and canvas to cover the homeless. Halifax will send another steamer on Monday with supplies. It is reported that the British Government will give £35,000 and London city £6000 to the sufferers. The Queen Insurance Company, it is said, will lose $300,000, and the Phœnix $200,000. The total insurance losses will be $2 500,000. The loss cannot be estimated, but will no doubt reach $10,000,000 to $15,000,000. Messages from the Newfoundland Government to the city of Halifax says to send all the provisions obtainable to prevent starvation. Another message from St. John's to Halifax city say that St. John's is completely crushed and wrecked, and only generous aid can save them from annihilation by starvation.

The blaze originated in a small wooden building on Long Hill, and, being fanned by a hurricane, spread rapidly, leaving destruction and misery in its wake. Among the many valuable buildings destroyed are, the Masonic Temple, Methodist College, Gower street Methodist Church, English Episcopal and Roman Catholic Cathedrals, Orange Hall, St. Patrick's Hall, Christian Brothers' School, Presentation Convent, Supreme Court buildings and Police headquarters, Government Savings Bank, Presbyterian Church, a large number of valuable business blocks, and from 150 to 200 houses. The English Episcopal and Roman Catholic cathedrals were built at a cost of $500,000 each, and the Orange hall, which was totally destroyed, was the palace of Bishop Jones. The apparatus owned by the city for fighting the flames is of the most trivial kind, allowing the blaze every opportunity to spread and devour everthing in its path.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

John C. Wade, ex- M.P.P., Digby, N. S., is dead.

William Webb, aged 88, has just been married to Mrs. Way, aged 46, at London, Ont.

The fine new residence, built for Charles Langelier, Quebec, was sold by the sheriff.

Matthew Patton, a farmer at Rocklyn, Township Euphrasia, has suicided with poison.

Philip Law, county crown attorney, Picton, Ont., is dead. He was twice mayor of Picton.

The body of Robert English, Port Dover, Ont., who died some time ago, has been stolen from the grave.

It is reported that the Legislative Assembly of the N.W.T. will be called about the end of the present month.

At Regina, Pierre Bourassa was found guilty of carnally knowing a girl under 14, and was sentenced to 5 years in Stony Mountain penitentiary and 20 lashes.

The strike among the nailmakers is general throughout Canada. About 500 men are affected in Montreal. The nailmakers are asking to be put on the same schedule of wages as the nailmakers in the United States, which would mean about 25 per cent. increase over their present wages.

Politics in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 11.—Word reaches the city to-night of the first blood letting of the present heated political compaign in this state. It took place last evening just below Gadsden. A steamboat excursion party was coming up from "Smokeneck," Etowah county, to Gadsden. On the boat were five young men—two Dillard brothers, Kolb men, and three Green brothers, Jones men. The Dillards were denouncing Jones and his followers. Words grew to blows, and one of the Dillard brothers struck Bill Green with a billet of wood. Green grabbed Whitt Dillard, threw him to the floor and drew his knife. A brother of Dillard ran up and in the scuffle Whitt Dillard was stabbed to the heart. One of the Greens lost a finger and an eye. Dillard is dying and one of the Greens was fatally wounded. The boys belong to some of the best families in the state.

A Strange Story.

CINCINNATI, July 11.—The police of Cummingsville district yesterday unearthed a strange case at 216 Maranthony street. A shingle was found in the street in front of the house on which was an appeal for aid. On investigation an old man was found imprisoned in an attic room. He was almost dead from starvation. His hair and beard were white as snow and his fingers were like claws. He proved to be John Taft, father of the man living in the house. An explanation of why the old man was held a prisoner was refused, and he was taken to the hospital, where it is thought he will die.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, long famous in "Woman's Suffrage" circles, was accorded permission to address the recent Republican national convention, and demonstrated a wonderful ability in argument and a voice of sufficient power to be heard in every part of the hall. She leads the movement for Woman's Suffrage, standing on the same platform with Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Mary B. Livermore. Mrs. Forter is still a young woman, although she has been on the platform for over a decade, developing in that period a wonderful eloquence and a most remarkable power of incisive argument. She lives near Des Moines, although at present she is representing the cause of Woman's Suffrage wherever it is possible to be of service.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN.

I am a great advocate of the use of fresh, wholesome, ripe fruit and strongly deprecate the eating of half ripened berries or stone fruit. In order to carry the fruit for seven or eight days or even longer, the California growers pick and pack before the fruit is ripened on the tree, trusting to the heat on board ship to ripen their products. In the interests of our orchardists at home, in the interests of public health, I conjure all buyers to lay an embargo on American fruit. If there is any prejudice let it be in favor of home production.

I have already felt the inconvenience of the duty of 5 cents per dozen on eggs. My egg merchant has taken time by the forelock and coolly announces that the tariff allows him to charge 5 cents extra, and he means to get it. Yet they are—what do you call them?—*Liberal*-Conservatives—who say that this is a benefit to the country at large.

The Conservatives have a curious twist in their mental capacities. If you show them that a duty on agricultural products is injurious to British Columbia they reply: Remember the eastern farmers! If you show them that a duty on manufactures is injurious to eastern farmers, they say, consider the eastern manufacturers, and so poor British Columbia—the milch cow for the Dominion—gets left anyway. The boys of our town used to play a game which called for the following: "Open your mouth and shut your eyes, and see what I will give you." And the too confiding youth that played the game often found placed in his mouth pieces of sticks or stones instead of the expected fruit or candy. Will Colonel Prior show his constituents—he has leasure now from his Parliamentary duties—will he show how British Columbia is benefited by the 5 c. on eggs duty?

I wish the authorities would quarantine the whole of Chinatown. I would not do any injustice to our Celestial residents, yet it is beyond controversy that their dwellings and sanitary conveniences are a disgrace to our city, and the very hotbeds of disease. I hope all our citizens will patronize the white labor laundries, or manage their work at home just now. Every reasonable precaution may and should be taken.

I do not like to throw cold water upon the Saturday closing movement, yet it is cognizant to any observer that it is predoomed to failure. A few dry goods merchants faithfully observe the compact, but the great body of merchants still keep their stores open. If shoe, grocery, hardware and other stores continue their business, the half-holiday for the dry goods clerk will fail. As an ardent supporter of the movement, I regret this and venture to give the present adherents to the system the following advice: Adopt Wednesday for the half holiday; close at 2 o'clock for the remainder of the day, and make a systematic canvass of the whole of the city. When buyers find all kinds of stores closed on a particular day they will cease to regard it as a suitable time for business.

I do not like to criticise harshly our judicial luminaries, yet I venture to think Sir Matthew Begbie was scarcely wise to issue the injunction as to the pest house at Ross Bay. "Public necessity knows no law," public danger requires instant remedy. And it seemed to the great majority of the citizens that there were not sufficient proofs of danger to the residents of Ross Bay district in the erection of the temporary hospital whilst there were abundant proofs of the old adage, "Delays are dangerous."

I am told that there will be a general shortage in the local crops of certain fruits. Raspberries, apples, plums, pears and prunes appear to have suffered the most. The fierce winds of April and May, when the blossoms were thick upon the trees, were as injurious as the late frosts of May.

I think Collector Milne should give a hint to the examiners of the China steamers. Smuggling of a mild type is very rampant. Every passenger and most of the officers and crew do a little of the business. For instance, how easy it would be for each to bring a dozen silk handkerchiefs on each trip, and supposing the ship's complement of passengers and crew to total 400, this would be at least a loss of $400 to the revenue. Besides this an enormous quantity of small articles of venu, trinkets and ivories are brought over and sold to the injury of the traders in these goods and a great loss to the customs. Vancouver is full of such illicit trading to my certain knowledge.

QUIZ.

An Interesting French Yankee.

On Saturday, May 21, Mr. Alcander Hutchinson, manager and proprietor of the great caoutchouc works at Langlee, near Montargis, celebrated his coming of age by a family dinner, at which his immediate relatives were the only guests. This young gentleman and astute and prosperous business man is one of the most curious developments of the principle of heredity that has ever come under my observation. His father, the elder Alcander Hutchinson, himself a native of Connecticut and the son of the original founder of the great india rubber works at Langlee, married a French lady, the daughter of the Count de Loyaute.

His children, including his namesake and youngest son, all grew to maturity and were educated in France. He died some three years ago, and the younger Alcander Hutchinson succeeded him as proprietor and manager of that portion of the estate that included the property at Langlee. He was chosen according to French law to follow the nationality of his father; but though thus a citizen of the United States he has never visited America.

Thus this young Parisian, born and bred the cherished darling of an accomplished French mother (a lady of remarkable intelligence and force of character), has developed by sheer power of heredity into a sturdy and practical American. He was waited upon not long ago by a deputation of the citizens of Montargis, who offered him the nomination of deputy as soon as he reached the age of twenty-one if he would embrace the French nationality. But the young man preferred to be an American citizen like his father and grandfather.—Paris Cor. Philadelphia Telegraph.

"Influence" on the Stage.

I was talking to a pretty and discouraged little girl the other day who is singing in the chorus in one of our comic opera companies.

"I can't get along," she said sadly, "though I try my best. I'm not satisfied with the chorus. It only means twelve dollars a week in this city. I can sing, I can act, and folks say I'm pretty. But I've got no 'pull.'"

"Pull!" said I. "Why, that sounds like politics."

"It's just the same on the stage," she replied. "You've got to have influence or be somebody's favorite. There are lots of little parts that I know I could play, but, bless you, I'll never get the chance. In our company the leading lady, who plays the principal part, is the protege of the 'star' and his wife. The next two parts are played by the nieces of the composer—that's natural enough, of course—and the next one to that by a young lady whom the manager seems very fond of.

"Then many of the chorus girls are put in the front row because they have influential friends, while some of the prettiest are pushed into the background because they haven't. And so it goes."

And there were the mists of discouragement and despair in her pretty blue eyes as she turned away.—New York Recorder.

Every testimonial regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest, unpurchased statement of what this medicine has actually done.

Try B. Sprung & Co., stalls 26 and 27 City Market, for mild bacon, fresh smoked hams, butter, eggs, etc.

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

GUARANTEED

The Best Cigars on the Market.

RIALTO PERFECTO. INVINCIBLE SPOTS.

PEG TOP. L.O.C. CUBANAS.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.
MONTREAL. my21

"PROMPT AND PERMANENT."

RHEUMATISM.—Jan. 17, 1883, GEO. C. OSGOOD & CO., Druggists, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A., wrote: "MR. LEWIS DENNIS, 136 Moody St, desires to say: "ORRIN ROBINSON, a boy of Graniteville, Mass., came to my house in 1881, walking on crutches; his leg was bent at the knee for two months. I gave him

ST. JACOBS OIL

to rub it. In six days he had no use for his crutches and went home cured without them."

Lowell, Mass., U. S. A., July 9, '87: "The crippled boy ORRIN ROBINSON, cured by St. Jacobs Oil in 1881, has remained cured. The young man has been and is now at work every day at manual labor." GEORGE C. OSGOOD, M. D.

IT IS THE BEST.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Try Lemon Sugar
and Lime Fruit Juice

Two of the finest Summer Drinks in existence

FRUITS AND BERRIES FOR PRESERVING. CHOICE GROCERIES.

WATSON & HALL,

Telephone 448. je23-3m m-w-s 55 Yates Street.

BLUCHER HELPED TO TIE UP NAPOLEON.

- - - YOU TRY - - -

"THE BLUCHER TIE"

The Latest Ladies' Shoe in Town.

THEY ARE WORTH INSPECTING.

A. B. ERSKINE, cor. Government and Johnson

—THE—

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

(LIMITED)

Corner Yates and Government Streets

(UPSTAIRS)

is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.

Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

TO LET.

House, standing on lot 100 feet square, containing 10 rooms, near Dallas Road, with full sea view. Apply to
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
94 Government St. je28tf Architect.

—THE—

VICTORIA SUIT CLUB

28½ BROAD STREET,

Invite You to Examine Their Goods.

Thorough workmanship guaranteed.

F. W. WINN, - - Manager
je23-1m

COLUMBIA MILLS

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Rough & Dressed Lumber

LATH,

SPECIALLY FINE LINE OF FLOORING,

SHIP LUMBER

Wharf and Bridge Builders

Are especially invited to come and inspect our stock.

D. F. ADAMS, - - Proprietor.

Corner Bridge and David Streets, three blocks from the bridge.

P. O. Box 515. je30 Telephone 420.

AUCTION SALES.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION

On an early date (if not disposed of privately in the meantime) the

ELEGANT FURNISHINGS

of a 7-roomed house in James Bay. The house contains parlor, dining room, kitchen, four bedrooms and bathroom; seven minutes' walk from postoffice; on tram line; to let, $30 per month. The furniture can be bought en bloc.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT,
my25 Auctioneers.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

EVERY Family, Student, School, Library
S-H-O-U-L-D
Own a Dictionary.

Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE INTERNATIONAL,
NEW FROM COVER TO COVER,
IS THE ONE TO BUY.

SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED.
Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $300,000 expended.

Sold by all Booksellers.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

☞ Do not buy reprints of obsolete editions.

☞ Send for free pamphlet containing specimen pages and full particulars.

"JERSEY BRAND"

CONDENSED MILK!

JERSEY BRAND CONDENSED MILK.

IT IS GUARANTEED pure and unskimmed. An excellent food for Infants. We make only one quality—THE BEST. Buy only the JERSEY BRAND for all purposes. Sold by Grocers, Outfitters and others.

MANUFACTURED BY
FORREST CANNING CO., HALIFAX, N.S.

JAMES MITCHELL,
Agent for British Columbia,
102 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA
my13-eod-3m

NAVAL CONTRACTS.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Monday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of Salt Beef, Soft Bread, Lime, Lumber, Coffins and Graves as may be required for Naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, &c.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt,
1st July, 1892. jatd

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS

A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE

A Grocery Business.

Well established in a favorable location. Capital required from $2000 to $3000. Payment partly in cash and partly on time. Further particulars will be given to a bona fide purchaser on application to

R. P. RITHET & CO. Ld.,
je29-2w Wharf street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

YOUNG LADY requires a position as bookkeeper, cashier, or to serve in any store. Address M.A., TIMES office. jy11-2t

GOOD English bread and cake baker wants situation in town or country. C.B., TIMES office. jy9-1w

YOUNG MAN wishes position as hotel clerk. First-class references furnished. Geo., Box 331, New Westminster. jy9-2t

WANTED—A young lady at present engaged in Toronto as bookkeeper, shorthand writer and typewriter, would accept similar duties with a responsible firm in Victoria. Best of references can be given. Address, stating salary paid, Miss J. H., care of TIMES office, Victoria. my31-tf

SITUATION WANTED—A young woman wishes to go out sewing by the day; an experienced hand. Apply 173 Johnson street. my30

MENDING OR MAKING—Sewing wanted by the day or at home. Address Needle, 93 Niagara street.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A servant of all work for a small family. Apply at 2 Oswego street, corner of Belleville street, James Bay, any morning from 10 to 1 o'clock. jy7-4t

WANTED—A servant girl. Apply at 53 Frederick street. je17-tf

TO LET.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Two houses, with every convenience. Apply George E. Smith, Garbally road, water front. jy8-1w

FOR RENT—Nos. 73 and 75 Pembroke street (five-roomed houses), $15 per month; 35 and 43 Chatham street, near Government (six-roomed, modern improvements), $16; 42 Herald street, near Government (five-roomed), $12; Turner street, Rock Bay (five-roomed, new), $12. Apply 21 Queen's Avenue. jy7-2w

TO RENT—Beautifully situated residence, containing eight rooms, very cheap. 106 Dallas road. jy7-4t

TO LET—Comfortable bedrooms, with partial board (breakfast and late dinner). Bathroom. Car passes the door. 127 Menzies street. je29-1m

"THE WILSON," 90 Yates Street—Will be occupied July 1. Fine offices on first floor in suites or single. Suites of three or four for housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished. Furnished suites and single rooms. Terms on application to W.K. Tullock, 90 Douglas street, Room 6. je-24-1m

TO LET—With immediate possession, a furnished house with over two acres of land situated on Rockland Avenue, Belcher street. Good stables and garden. Apply to Alan S. Dumbleton, P. O. box 585. m20-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A roll of plans, between Chatham street, Fernwood road, South road and Cook street. Finder will oblige by leaving same at TIMES office or at office of Mr. John Teague, architect. jy11-2t

LOST—Last evening, a lady's gold watch, on one of the following streets:—On Blanchard from Johnson to Yates, or on Yates from Blanchard to Cook. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at TIMES office. jy7-tf

A SMALL SILVER WATCH. No. 37,750, with short gold Albert chain. Menzies street, near the beach. Reward. J.L.S., P.O. Box 93. je27

LOST—An English pug dog, answering to the name of "Blaine." Any person returning same to 288 Yates street will be suitably rewarded. F. G. Richards, Jr. je-21-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

WANTED—A room and board by a single gentleman in James Bay. D.B., TIMES office. jy9-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Dairy farm, situated 300 yards southwest of Mission city bridge, containing 214 acres of Matsqui prairie dyked land; 175 acres of beautiful grass, a few clumps of graceful cotton-wood, with a charming frontage of three-quarters of a mile on Fraser river, the back land within fifteen feet of C. P. R. and Seattle railroad flag station. Must be sold. Apply to Wm. Andean, upper Pandora ave., Victoria. j25-1m

FOR SALE—Two cottages on Building Society plan of payment. Dalby & Claxton. je4

FOR SALE—Two lots on Chatham street (good corner) for $1800 Dalby & Claxton. ap11

FOR SALE—One lot on Oak Bay, 80 ft. water front; near the pavilion, $1600. Dalby & Claxton. ap11

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50'x126' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fir Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. T. WATT,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office and residence No. 36½ Douglas street (near Fort). Dr. Milne's old residence.
May 19-d&w-tf

DOCTOR MacGILLIS,
45 Yates Street.
SPECIALIST: — Skin, Kidney and Private Diseases. june 30tm

H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M.
SPECIALTY:—Diseases of Women and Diseases of the Rectum.
Office with Dr. Frank Hall, Driard Block, 60 Douglas street. Residence corner of Pandora and Fernwood Road. Office telephone 139.

DR G. L. MILNE,
OFFICE—36 DOUGLAS STREET.
Telephone at office, No. 16.
Telephone at residence, No. 208. my23

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to p.m only except ng unday and holidays.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
W. C. WINDEBANK,
Pianoforte Tuner from Broadwood's, London, England, 30 years' experience. VOCAL HUMORIST. ENTERTAINMENTS given and attended. Satisfaction guaranteed, 45 Blanchard street.
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC.
Those who sing a little now,
Soon sing a little more. je17

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City references:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
je9-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. m14-tf

Victoria's Leading Merchants
TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

200 CASES
Ripe, Rich
Champagne Apple Cider
Ready at
FALCONER'S VICTORIA VINEGAR WORKS

SIMON LEISER
IMPORTER
And Wholesale Grocer.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

S. SHORE
DEALER IN
Hardware, Cutlery, Builders' Material
Guns, Ammunition, Whips.
45 JOHNSON ST.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
38 FORT STREET.

OSBORNE HOUSE
TEMPERANCE HOTEL.
Corner Pandora and Blanchard Streets.
34 Large and Airy Rooms.
Board and Lodging, $5 per week, or $1 per day. Day Board, $4 per week.
C. W. MONK, - - - PROPRIETOR.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.
EWEN MORRISON, MANAGER.
Manufacturers of all kinds of rough and dressed
CEDAR AND FIR LUMBER.
Rustic, Shiplap, Flooring, Mouldings, Laths, Shingles, Pickets, etc., kept in stock or cut to order.
Yard: Discovery St., bet. Store & Government
VICTORIA, B.C.
Address all communications to Post-office Box 298.

A. BUTCHER & CO.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS
95 Douglas St., two doors from Johnson.
Our celebrated Cabinet Photographs are known and appreciated everywhere. $3 per dozen. Accurate likeness. Artistic finish.

LEWIS HALL, D.D.S.
DENTIST.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
SPECIALTY:—Administration of Gas or Ether for painless extraction of teeth.
HOURS:—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
OFFICE:—Corner Yates and Douglas.

SOCIETIES.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., meets every Monday night in the Pandora Temperance Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting members welcome.
Select Degree meets 1st Wednesday in each month. A. H. MATTHEW,
G. SUTHERLAND, S.C. ap12 R. Sec.

I. O. G. T. PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 1, I.O.G.T., meets every Tuesday evening in Temperance Hall, Pandora avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. my17

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy25 st. A BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe R.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. PETERSONER,
oc19 K. of R. &S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meet in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J M MURDOCH, Secretary.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul5

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale. e22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 50.

BUY SLAB-WOOD!!
Only Half the Price of Cordwood.
Sawn to lengths to suit purchaser. Sawdust for sale.
H. E. MOLLER,
Sayward's Lumber Mills, 33 Constance Street.
je13-t&

EDMONTON FRUIT FARM.
This celebrated Fruit still for sale
—AT—
MRS. P. WILSON'S, 185 Douglas St.
Large Ripe Red Currants.
Fresh Juicy White Currants.
Luscious Rare Black Currants.
Fine White and Red Raspberries.
And other Fruits equally cheap.

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.
114 YATES STREET

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P.O. BOX 683.

NEAT, CLEAN
Furnished Rooms
By day, week or month
AT CROMWELL HOUSE
103½ Government St.
Terms from $6 per month.
je16 MRS. DOW, Proprietress.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard.
fe27

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - - Manager.

UNION :: BREWERY
Nanaimo, B.C.,
Is now supplying Lager Beer to the trade in Victoria.
JOHN LEAHY,
y Sole Agents.

Save Money
Save Time
Save Trouble
By leaving your orders for repairs, alterations, or any other carpenter work with
J. P. Burgess,
10 Broughton St.

A. MAXWELL MUIR.
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block.
au22

A beautiful line of sash curtains in art shades at Spencer's Arcade.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.
A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50 Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

WISE REGULATIONS.

The regulation issued by the Government, copies of which are enclosed in this number of the TIMES, are framed to meet the present emergency, and if rigidly enforced, as we have no doubt they will be, smallpox will soon be driven from the city. The appointment of Provincial Health Officer, and of local municipal health officers who are vested with ample power to enforce compulsory vaccination and strict quarantine in the case of all dwellings where the disease is known to exist, will have the approval of every person. Penalties are provided for evasions of the provisions of the proclamation, and wherever it may be necessary to enforce them there will be no hesitation, we trust, in giving the offenders the full benefit of the law. The public will support any drastic remedy at the present juncture.

The knowledge that these regulations are now in force, and that the Health Officers are acting under them with all the diligence possible, will restore public confidence within and without the city. The scare has been the result largely of the fear that the disease was not being successfully grappled with, but this fear will now be dispelled. Every known case is now either in hospital or quarantined in a private residence. In a day or two the effect of the work done during the past two days, and of the sensible regulations issued by the Government will be demonstrated by the lessened number of new cases reported, and ultimately by the disappearance of the disease altogether.

WILD REPORTS ABROAD.

It was to be expected, of course, that exaggerated stories would go abroad concerning the smallpox visitation in this city; such is the usual experience in affairs of this kind. Even in the city there are numbers of wild rumors flying about, greatly exaggerating the extent of the evil, and each one finds believers among both residents and visitors. When this is the case we need not wonder that even wilder tales find credence abroad. It is moreover quite apparent, and the fact is to be regretted, that there are some who purposely aid in the circulation of these stories, in order to gratify a little ill-will. In the Vancouver Telegram, for instance, appears a lurid narrative, containing some ridiculously false statements. One of these is that "the city is now housing the sick in tents on the outskirts of Beacon Hill Park, close to the sea." Needless to say that nothing of the kind was done; the imaginative author of the tale had no more foundation for this statement than the fact that the authorities had prepared tents for the reception of patients at Ross Bay—a long way from Beacon Hill—which tents were never used on account of the injunction. Another wild statement is that "men have been engaged night and day in building hospitals." It is true that men worked a night and a day on the building at Ross Bay, and that in consequence of the injunction another night and day were spent on the building in the Jubilee Hospital grounds; but the statement quoted would falsely make it appear that hospitals were in course of erection all over the city. Again the romancer says: "There are now 50 cases quarantined at Albert Head, 38 reported under guard in the city, and it is estimated that there are as many more not yet under the surveillance of the health authorities." There were at the time this was written not more than 38 cases all told, including those at Albert Head. The statement must have been a wilful exaggeration. It seems that some of the Canadian Pacific Railway men are spreading equally false rumors. Victoria gentlemen who came down on the train on Saturday heard the train officials giving very alarming reports to intending visitors to Victoria, reports calculated to convey the impression that half the population is down with smallpox. All this is likely to do the city harm, and is probably intended to have that result, but we suppose there is no way of preventing malicious enemies indulging their spleen. The visitation is bad enough, but there is no occasion for panic; the steps that are now being taken will shortly put an end to the spread of the disease.

WHAT ABOUT CHINATOWN.

The present is a time when a wise autocrat, who feared no man, cared for no expense, and looked upon every obstacle as a straw in his path, would be of incalculable value to the city. We do not wish to magnify the danger, but at the same time it would be more criminal to minimise it. What then, we ask, is to be done with the slums of Chinatown and its inhabitants? Every Chinaman ought to be vaccinated, by force if necessary, and every suspicious hovel where disease may lurk ought to be disinfected. It is true that the disease has not originated there, and there are no cases as yet in that unclean section of the city. It is the fear that it may find a lodgment there that alarms us. In that event, and should it become general, the commercial fate of Victoria for the year 1892 would be sealed. The health officer, and if not the health officer, then a committee of citizens must take this matter in hand, and immediately. The purlieus of Chinatown, from whence emerge every morning the servants in many homes, are a standing menace to the entire city. A complete cleansing and compulsory vaccination would to a large extent remove that menace. It may require an autocrat to do it, but it can be done.

REDISTRIBUTION.

In the course of some remarks on the work of the recent session of Parliament the Colonist says: "The filibustering tactics of the Opposition, for instance, did not prevent the Government passing its Redistribution Bill, or indeed compel the majority to modify it in the least." It is quite true that the Opposition did not prevent the passage of the Redistribution Bill; but it is certainly not correct to say that the bill was not modified in the least. On the contrary, very important and material changes were made in it as a result of what the Tory organ is pleased to call "the filibustering tactics" of the Opposition. Impartial and sensible observers will see in the Opposition's course no filibustering but a vigorous and determined effort to defend its own rights and the true interests of the people. Only a jaundiced partizan would accuse the Liberals of "filibustering" when they were doing their best to secure the reasonable amendment of the bill, with which the Colonist confesses itself dissatisfied. Look at some of the changes made, and say whether they were not material. One clause of the bill in its original shape provided for the transference of the township of Clarence from Russell to Prescott. That was for the very slightly disguised purpose of taking away the majority which Russell gives its Liberal member, Mr. Edwards, and "hiving" it in Prescott, which is already overwhelmingly Liberal. The Opposition secured the abandonment of that clause. Sir John Thompson proposed the gerrymandering of London so as to make Hon. John Carling's seat secure; but the resistance of the Liberals forced him to drop the project. The gerrymander of the Niagara district was modified, though only made slightly less iniquitous, by the replacing of Merritton in Lincoln county. The most radical change, however, was made in that portion of the bill which cut and carved the district south of Montreal in a truly marvellous manner, a scheme of which Minister Ouimet confessed himself the author. Instead of mixing and jumbling up portions of the counties of Chambly, Rouville, Vercheres, Bagot, Napierville, Chateauguay and Laprairie, the Government finally consented under pressure to unite Vercheres and Chambly, Napierville and Laprairie, with a few minor transfers of individual parishes. There are still many iniquities left in the bill, but to assert that it has not been modified is as absurd as to charge the Opposition with "filibustering."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Says the Toronto Mail: "One incident in the early life of the late John Robson, Premier of British Columbia, is specially significant in view of what took place in that province a few months ago. About 20 years ago Mr. Robson founded at New Westminster a paper named the British Columbia. He attacked the Government of the day so bitterly that he was gaoled. A mob of indignant electors set him free, and thenceforth he became a prominent figure in politics. This sounds very much like the very recent difficulty Mr. Robson's Administration had with the editors of the Daily Columbian, of Westminster. The editors committed the same offence, and were after much difficulty got into the custody of the Legislature. There was great popular indignation and the Messrs. Kennedy made much capital out of it. Prorogation caused their release while the matter was before the courts. If the result of the difficulty with the Government turns out in the latter case anything like it did in the former the Messrs. Kennedy will not have reason to complain."

Starch grows sticky, common powders have a vulgar glare: *Pozzoni's* is the only complexion powder fit for use.

Ecru lace curtains in great variety at D. Spencer's.

REV. MR. WILKINSON.

The New Minister of the James Bay Methodist Church Arrives.

Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, the recently appointed pastor for the James Bay Methodist church, arrived in the city Friday night, and yesterday began his labors in his new field, conducting services in the school house. Mr. Wilkinson comes from Minnedosa, Manitoba, where he began his work in the ministry a year ago, where he made a good record and was very highly spoken of by the chairman of his conference. Though only a young man he is an able and earnest preacher, and no doubt will succeed in his new sphere. The new church it is expected will be ready for occupation in a month, when Mr. Wilkinson will have a better opportunity of successfully carrying on his mission.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

CRICKET.

A team from the Victoria Cricket Club defeated the Albions by 206 runs and five wickets to 36 runs.

The Dockyard team defeated a C Battery team by 7 runs on Saturday.

The United banks won a game from C. Loewen's team on Saturday by two runs.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Islander is due from Alaska on Tuesday.

Steamer Alice Blanchard was spoken off Cape Cook on Saturday, 9th July. She reported all well.

Steamer Umatilla from San Francisco brought 114 tons of freight for Victoria and 48 tons for Vancouver.

The Princess Louise, which was to have sailed this evening, will sail tomorrow evening at 6 p.m. without fail.

Steamer Yosemite brought in two carloads of naval stores last evening. They will be taken to Esquimalt tomorrow by the Maude.

Steamer Maude came in from Nanaimo yesterday. She brought a full load and a scow of Northfield lump coal for the steamer Islander.

Steamer Yosemite will go to the outer dock this evening to take on 48 tons of freight ex Umatilla for Vancouver. She will leave the outer dock at 2 o'clock for Vancouver.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

B. Gordon returned from Vancouver last night.

Francis Bourchier left last evening for New York.

Hon. F. G. Vernon is reported as doing splendidly.

D. W. Corbin came down on the Yosemite last evening.

Miss K. Burnes came home from Seattle on Saturday night.

C. E. Renouf and F. J. Claxton have returned from the Mainland.

G. A. Keefer and T. F. Sinclair came home from the Mainland last night.

Mrs. D. H. Ross and Miss Ross will leave for San Francisco to-morrow.

C. E. Renouf returned on Saturday night from a visit to East Kootenay.

Allan Cameron, of the C.P.R., returned from Vancouver last evening.

J. C. Prevost and wife, who have been visiting Kootenay, came home last night.

J. A. Thomson, inspector of steamboats, came down from Vancouver on Saturday.

Miss Wallace, who has been spending a few days in Vancouver, returned last evening.

W. H. Bainbridge and Mrs. Bainbridge returned on Saturday evening from Kootenay.

Mr. Emanuel Hart, of Toronto, brother of our respected townsmen, Mr. David Hart, is in the city.

A PLEA FOR THE COMMON HOUSE FLY.

TO THE EDITOR:—This idea of the common house fly being a conveyor of disease, I for one believe to be an errnous one, an assertion which is without any actual proof. Because a fly lights upon anything infectious does not go to prove that they carry enough matter away upon their feet to do any serious injury. We know that they are the greatest of all scavengers and I think all evidence would go to show that if any of the microbes were to find a place upon a person, that these flies would be just the insect that would find them and destroy them. God never created them to come about in the warm seasons of the year, when matter is decaying and decomposing around us, unless they were for our especial benefit; and there is no doubt that they destroy millions of microbes whilst flying around, for you often see several of them fly together, evidently after the same particle of matter, just as several dogs will fight for a bone. I feel convinced that if we had exterminated the fly paper man instead of the flies, we should not have such a pestilence in our midst as we have to-day, for there is no good reason why such a disease should get such a hold and spread as it has done, when by nature this city is so situated that it ought to be one of the most healthy citys in the universe, surrounded by water as it is. But if we insist on destroying the scavengers, we must put up with the consequences. Would it not be a far better plan to chain up every dog and not allow them to run around under any circumstance, as the food which is left by infectious patients is thrown into the back yard and is often devoured by dogs, which run around from place to place, and would be far more likely than the common house fly to spread pestilence.

A FRIEND TO THE FLY.

Florance Marvin, the impressional reader, is still attracting crowds to the Balmoral. She predicted the great Seattle fire and is recommended by the Seattle and eastern press. If you wish to hear your past, present and future, consult her. Rooms 36 and 37, Balmoral. For press notices see dodgers.

The Pocket Health Officer, a reliable disinfectant, at Bowes and Co., 27 Johnson street.

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Sheffield cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Disinfectants.

Use Carbo-Napthazone for disinfecting purposes. For sale by Langley & Co., 21 and 23 Yates street. *

No Meeting.

The regular meeting of Perseverance Lodge, I.O.G.T., has been cancelled. There will be no meetings until further notice.

Smallpox.

Disinfectants of all kinds may be obtained at Geo. Morison's, 55 Government street. Pocket preventatives a specialty. *

Postponed.

The Wanderers Cycling Club's handicap races are postponed until further notice. The races will not be held to-morrow night.

Sale Postponed.

The sale of the personal effects of the late Dr. J. B. Matthews has been postponed from Wednesday next until a date to be announced in a future issue.

Open To-Morrow.

The Point Ellice bridge will be open for traffic to-morrow. A number of extra stringers have been put in, which will greatly strengthen the bridge. A gang of men were to-day replanking it.

Smallpox Cases

Can be prevented by procuring Microbe Disinfectant prepared only by Dean & Cryderman, chemists, 57 Yates street. Those unable to buy will be furnished free of charge, at all hours of day or night. *

New Grocery Store.

Messrs. Hughes & O'Brien this morning opened their new grocery and provision store at No. 74 Yates street. They have a full line of groceries and provisions. Everything is new and fresh.

Excursion Postponed.

The Orange lodges of the city have decided not to have their proposed excursion to Vancouver, but will hold a basket picnic at Oak Bay to-morrow. They will leave their lodge rooms at 9 a.m.

Special Carpet Sale.

During the balance of the month of July, Weiler Bros. call particular attention to a great bargain sale of carpets, rugs, art squares, and chenille curtains. Be wise and call early, it will pay you to buy now. *

Prevent Disease.

Smallpox and other diseases can never be prevented while Chinese wash houses are patronized. Learn a lesson before it is too late and have your clothes cleaned at Victoria Steam Laundry. *White labor.* *

Better Than Expected.

The attendance at the city churches was not large yesterday, but larger than had been expected. The sanctuaries were well fumigated, so that danger from contagion there was considerably minimized.

Celestial Methods.

One of John's precautions consisted of the ignition and explosion of several bundles of fire crackers at the foot of Fisguard street this morning presumably to exorcise the evil spirit at present exercising a baneful influence in the city.

Orangemen at Church.

About 75 members of the Orange lodges attended the Centennial Methodist Church yesterday morning. Rev. J. H. White, who preached the sermon, took for his text John—8—32, "Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make ye free."

New Goods.

Keller's Scotch marmalade, 7 pound tins and 1 pound glasses; Chelsea table jellies, assorted flavors; Christie's pound and sultana cakes and fresh sodas; 'Frisco saloon pilot bread; Underwood's devilled ham, lobsters etc., at R. H. Jameson, Red Front Store, 33 Fort street.

Commissioner to the World's Fair.

The Golden Era announces that Mr. Charles F. Law, of Golden, has been appointed commissioner to the Wold's Fair at Chicago, to represent the mining interests of British Columbia. Mr. Law is the gentleman who ran as an Independent in opposition to Colonel Baker in East Kootenay at the last general election, and came within four votes of defeating him.

The Wrecked Standard.

The steamer Falcon returned yesterday afternoon from Cape Mudge, where Captain Cowper has been for the past week. During his stay Captain Cowper spent his spare time trying to find some trace of the wrecked steamer Standard. He is not prepared to say how successful he has been, but it is supposed that he knows something about the whereabouts of the Standard.

A Good Understanding.

The dimensions of the blocks of stone to be used in the foundations of the new drill shed on Menzies street excite surprise. One of them makes a heavy load for a strong dray and heavy team, and the operation of getting it off the dray at the drill shed site calls into play a great deal of mechanical ingenuity. The care taken in this work prevents accidents. The drill shed will stand on a very firm foundation.

Adjourned Until Next Year.

The examination of the public school teachers of the province was discontinued on Saturday afternoon by order of Dr. Pope, Superintendent of Education, in the interest, as he announced, of public safety. All those who wrote on the examination and merited second B certificates, will receive them, but none higher will be granted this year. The examination will be continued next year.

Running no Chances.

Several young men who have been living at a large boarding house in the city have decided to take radical measures to prevent the smallpox bacillus getting in any business on them. They have obtained a tent and full camping outfit and their postal address is now Backwoods Bay, Victoria Arm. They paddle down in their canoes every morning and return in the same way at night. One man mounts guard all day at the camp and prepares the evening meal against the return of the garrison. They all say they like it immensely.

Newcombe Pianos.

Tone pure, sweet, brilliant, powerful. Kerr & Begg, 45 Government street. *

A Sick Hunter.

Mr. W. Paine, one of the hunters of the schooner E. B. Marvin is on his way home on the schooner Sapphire. He is seriously ill.

To Become Lawyers.

Six candidates presented themselves at the preliminary examinations for admission as law students, which began to-day before Mr. J. S. Yates. The examination will continue until Wednesday.

It is True.

If it is not right do not do it, if it is not true do not say it. In buying the Bush & Gert's piano you do right. It is true to say it is the best piano offered for sale in this market. Agency, 37 Fort street. *

Raspberry Social.

The ladies' aid of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will spare no pains to make their raspberry social and concert to-morrow evening in the hall, Craigflower road, equal at least to any previous entertainment of the same kind.

Business Change.

Mr. J. H. Simpson, tailor of Government street, has sold his business to J. C. Leask & Co., an enterprising firm who will attend to the wants of all well dressed citizens in the future. Mr. Simpson will leave for Los Angeles in a few days where he has secured a lucrative situation.

Meeting of Presbytery and Synod.

The next ordinary meeting of the Presbytery of Columbia will be held in St. Andrew's church, Vancouver, on Tuesday, the 19th inst., at 2 p.m. The Synod of British Columbia, embracing the Presbyteries of Calgary, Kamloops, Westminster, and Vancouver Island, will also meet in the same place on Wednesday the 20th inst., at 7:30 p. m. for organization and the transaction of necessary business.

Still Alarms.

The chemical engine was turned out at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon for a chimney fire on Pandora street. At 5 o'clock last evening the chemical was again called out for a grass fire near Government House. About five acres of land was burned over and the Governor's stables were in danger. Fortunately the fire was stopped before any damage was done.

The chemical engine was called out again this morning, an alarm coming from upper Fort street, where there was a big bon-fire in Judge Crease's garden.

In the Full Court.

In the Full court this morning the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Walkem presided to hear an appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice Drake in the case of Sinclair vs. Lorimer, Jensen garnishee. Justice Drake decided that the Supreme court had no jurisdiction by virtue of the statute of 1891 over the Mechanics' Lien Act, and it was against this that an appeal was made. After hearing Mr. Bodwell for the plaintiff, the presiding judges reserved their decision. Mr. Bodwell for plaintiff; Mr. Jay for defendant Jensen.

A Quartz Claw.

Louis Despard the other day unearthed an extraordinary fossil while prospecting for coal in the vicinity of Cape Mudge. Twenty feet under ground a mass of strange white rock was unearthed, which proved to be the fossilized bones of a giant panther. The stone into which the bones once forming the framework of the animal had been turned were quite soft and would not bear handling, but the claws were transformed into beautiful white and pink quartz. Mr. Despard brought one of the claws to the city with him and presented it to Curator Fannin of the Provincial Museum, who now wears it on his watch chain. The fossilized bones showed that the animal must have been much larger than any of the panther family that now exist.

Result of Broken Laws.

In St. Andrew's Presbyterian church yesterday evening Rev. P. McF. Macleod preached from the text "And shall there be evil in the city, and the Lord hath not done it," declaring that the existence of smallpox in the city was an inevitable punishment inflicted by the Almighty because of the disregard of quarantine, sanitary and moral laws, all of which are God's laws or based on them. He referred to the social evil in the city as a disease more dangerous than smallpox, and one to which the spread of the lesser evil could be directly traced, disreputable houses being nothing less than disease manufacturing institutions. In concluding his remarks he exhorted his hearers to do their utmost to stamp out the moral as well as the physical disease affecting the city, and appealed to them to give the authorities all the support possible in this direction.

Up the Arm.

W. S. Gore and family and a large number of friends had a pleasant time on Saturday afternoon and evenidg at the Canoeists' camp up the Arm, just above the Craigflower bridge. In the evening oriental lanterns depending from the boughs of the trees above and around the tents and glowing camp fires lit up the sylvan surroundings and presented an enchanting picture. Canoes and heavily freighted skiffs darted here and there on the placid surface of the water and the night was filled with song. Happiness seemed to reign supreme, and the picnic did not break up till midnight, when a return was made by the light of Luna's torch. At the Gorge a joke was played on a couple of young men, who telephoned into the city that their canoes had been stolen. They—the canoes—had just been moved, and were soon located. Another picnic will be held at the Canoeists' camp this week.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

AS THE CASE STANDS.

The Health Officer's Statement Contains Reassuring Information for the Public.

Forty-Two Cases Reported up to 2 p.m. To-Day—Nearly all of a Mild Nature—One Death.

Vigorous Steps Taken—Adjournment of the Ross Bay Injunction Case.

In the Board of Trade rooms last Saturday night a meeting of the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was held to take action on the smallpox question. President J. P. Davies occupied the chair, and there were present the directorate of the hospital, Drs. Davie, Hasell, Helmcken and Hanington, Mayor Beaven for the city, Hon. T. Davie and Hon. J. H. Turner for the Provincial Government. The chairman said that the Jubilee Hospital had agreed to take charge of all smallpox patients taken to the quarantine station, to be under control of the medical staff. Buildings for this purpose have been erected near Cadboro Bay road, 800 yards from the hospital. Miss Hardy, hospital matron, will act as nurse, Dr. Crompton as resident physician. Dr. Davie vigorously denounced the Dominion Government for their characteristically stupid quarantine law. Mr. Wilson also gave them some plain criticism.

Moved by Mr. Eberts, seconded by Mr. Gordon, that the action of the president be confirmed. Carried.

On motion Dr. Crompton was elected a member of the consulting medical staff to act under the instruction of Drs. Hasell, Hanington, Davie and Helmcken, special smallpox committee. Miss Hardy was appointed chief nurse of the quarantine hospital. The meeting then adjourned.

Mr. C. Hayward with a large gang of carpenters began work on the new quarantine station at the above-mentioned place at 4 o'clock yesterday morning and had it ready for occupation by 9 o'clock last night. The building is substantially constructed, is 70 by 20 feet with an L measuring 40 feet. An hour and a half after the building was finished, the furniture was all in, patients in the different wards and the doctors attending to their duties. Dr. Richardson and staff were on duty 18 hours and were quite ready to take a rest when relief came. Mr. R. B. McMicking built a telephone line from the hospital to the quarantine station, and had it in working order before the first patient was brought in. All day yesterday President Davies, Secretary Yates and Directors Wilson, Flummerfelt and E. Crow Baker exerted themselves at the scene and urged forward the work as much as possible. Several of the residents of the neighborhood gathered around the building yesterday and protested against its erection, but little heed was paid to them and the work rushed ahead as fast as hammer and saw could be worked. Mr. Hayward and his staff deserve praise for the way they rattled up the building, it was hard work for all hands and none were sorry when the word to quit came. All the mild cases are being treated in tents close to the main building. These tents have been made as comfortable as could be desired, and are by many preferred to the quarantine hospital wards.

The nurses on duty last night were head nurse Miss Hardy and her sister. Offers have been received from the sisters of St. Joseph's Hospital and also from the Protestant sisters of New Westminster to supply nurses. Present indications are that the cases will not require much nursing, as none of them are of a very virulent type. Suitable replies have been returned to those generous offers.

Strict quarantine regulations are being maintained around the station and among others is this which should be noted by everybody, that any person found within the line of flags around the station, will be placed in quarantine for 21 days.

Dr. J. C. Davie has been indefatigable in his exertions to push forward those arrangements, and has not spared time or trouble to make them as complete as possible. His vigorous remarks at the various meetings held, and strong requests for immediate action are largely responsible for the present satisfactory state of things. He reports that the crisis is practically past and that the disease is now finely checked, and that the medical staff is amply able to cope with the trouble. Fortunately the disease is of a very mild type, and when taken in its early stages is easily handled.

The quarantine building at Ross Bay city reserve was finished before the injunctors could get their injunction into working order, and there it stands ready to do incalculable good but for this injunction. At the meeting of the doctors on Saturday morning it was stated that there was not the slightest danger from infection at 200 yards. The nearest dwelling to the Ross Bay quarantine station is fully that distance, and at the meeting the idea of an injunction being taken out was looked upon as foolish.

Several of the city Sunday Schools were closed yesterday, and at those which did remain open the attendance was very slight.

Several cases were removed from their homes to the Jubilee Hospital quarantine station to-day. The city is now running a special ambulance wagon fitted up for the reception of the patients. In every case the mattress which the patient has been lying upon in the house is taken along to the quarantine hospital.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the total number of cases reported to the medical health officer was 42.

The effect of the smallpox scare upon the general business of the city is not yet very perceptible, and things move along much in the same old groove. The opinion seems to be general that in a few days the trouble will be over, as the means now being employed are certain to exterminate every vestige of the disease in the city.

The injunction granted by the Supreme Court to the residents of Ross Bay restraining the city council from building a smallpox hospital there was argued before Chief Justice Begbie today. A deputation of the injunctors were in court listening and watching the progress of the case. Authorities and precedents were freely quoted for and against the injunction.

The case was finally varied and adjourned. Dr. Helmcken made a brief statement regarding the breaking out of the disease in the Protestant Orphan's Home. The court ordered that the children not affected be allowed to be taken to the Ross Bay quarantine building until the trouble is over. The case will be resumed for further argument in a few days.

LOCATION OF THE CASES.

There was at Albert Head quarantine station at noon to-day 12 patients, at the Jubilee quarantine 8, making 20 cases in quarantine and 22 in the city. The remainder are being moved out as quickly as possible.

THE HEALTH OFFICER'S BULLETIN.

The following statement was made by the medical health officer this afternoon:

The total number of cases so far is 42. The majority of them are in the quarantine station and hospital. We are getting them out to the Jubilee Hospital ground as fast as possible. We shall remove all that can be removed out of the city. The larger number of the cases are mild and are doing well. A few cases are more severe, but not of a fatal character. Two deaths have occurred. We are expecting a full supply of vaccine to-morrow. All the passengers are being examined before going on board the steamers and trains leaving the city, by a medical officer.

G. L. MILNE,
Health Officer.

IMPORTANT TO PASSENGERS.

It is understood that all passengers going on the steamer City of Kingston will be allowed on board between the hours of 6:30 and 8:30 p.m. On the steamer Yosemite from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight.

DEATH OF M. W. WAITT.

He Dies Last Evening After a Few Days' Illness—A Sketch of His Life.

Mr. M. W. Waitt, who for the past few days has been confined to the house with smallpox, died yesterday afternoon. He was reported much better yesterday morning, but towards evening he became worse, and the news of his death came like a blow to his many friends.

The deceased was born in Sardner, Maine, just 60 years ago. He arrived in California in 1869, and two years afterwards came to Victoria, where he went into the commission and produce business with his father. He afterwards formed a partnership with T. N. Hibben, with whom he for several years carried on the well-known stationery business now conducted by Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Company. About 13 years ago Mr. Waitt went into business for himself on a small scale. His business steadily increased and at the time of his death he was proprietor of two establishments, both on Government street.

Mr. Waitt became well known and highly respected through his business connections, and he had many friends who will hear with regret of his death. He leaves a widow and two daughters, Mrs. H. Kent and Miss N. Waitt, the latter being at present in California.

AN AGGRAVATED ASSAULT.

The Levy vs. Moser Case Settled in Court This Morning.

The Levy-Moser aggravated assault case was the attraction at the police court room this morning, the case coming up under the Summary Convictions Act. Mr. Aikman for Lewis Levy pleaded not guilty. Louis Moser, the complainant, who had to be led into court by his counsel, Mr. Gregory, testified that the trouble occurred in Maurice Marks' store, Government street, on the 6th inst. He, the complainant, and Marks had some conversation over watches, when Mr. Hyams was mentioned as the cause of a delay in some work the witness was doing. Moser said Hyams was not a gentleman, when the defendant interfered and struck the complainant over the eye with his fist, and as the complainant it, "I lost all my senses and did not know who I was."

Dr. Sproule testified as to the serious injury done the eye, the exterior of the organ being cut and swollen, and the membrane of the eyeball lacerated. There was a possibility of the sight being permanently impaired. Dr. Wade also gave testimony, confirming that of Dr. Sproule.

Maurice Marks swore that the complainant called both Mr. Hyams and the defendant foul names, and struck Levy with his stick. Constable Kenny heard the complainant using abusive language toward the defendant after the row was over.

The court adjudged the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $20 and $5 costs.

The Higher Courts.

The full court has been adjourned until noon to-morrow. The Divisional court was in session this afternoon.

Balmoral hotel, finest restaurant in the province, excellent table board, European plan, homelike and cheerful. Strictly first-class. Cor. Fort and View, opposite Victoria theatre. *

Vaccination by a doctor at Atwood's drug store, 68 Douglas street. *

RUPTURE!

Fig. 29.

SEELEY'S
Hard Rubber Trusses,
Elastic Trusses,
Surgical Bandages
and Shoulder Braces

A FULL LINE IN STOCK.

COCHRANE & MUNN
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS
Corner Yates and Douglas Sts. Victoria, B.C.
P.O. Box 4 je22

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

— AGENTS FOR —
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

CARPET SALE

After a very satisfactory Spring trade, we still have a large stock of

Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, and Chenille Curtains,

and during the balance of the month of July we offer our entire stock of above goods

AT GENUINE BARGAINS.

Call early and get your choice.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

ALBERNI.

We have the cheapest and most eligibly situated property in Alberni, for sale in five-acre blocks, on easy terms. Some of the choicest blocks still for sale.

J. E. CRANE & CO.

30 BROAD STREET.

KASLO CITY

KOOTENAY LAKE.

SINCE the opening of navigation many hundreds of people have poured into Kaslo City. The discoveries of last fall have proved as rich as expected, and many new ones, fully as important, have been located this spring. The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Company have built roads and trails into the important mines, and surveys have been completed for the railway. The contract for clearing the right-of-way for the latter will be let in a few days. Many substantial buildings have been erected so far this year, and a large number will be begun immediately, including a handsome hotel.

A large number of business and residential lots have been sold, and many have changed hands at a good profit. In a short time the Company will advance the price of all lots.

Now is the Time to Invest.

For prices, terms and full particulars, apply to the undersigned.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS
WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA,
—OR—
THOMAS - NORQUAY
Resident Agent, Kaslo, B. C.

SUMMER :: SHOES.

We have just received a fresh supply of

TAN SHOES
CANVAS SHOES
TENNIS SHOES

in ladies', gents', boys', and girls'. Also beautiful lines LADIES' OXFORDS in Cloth Top, Kid, Dongola, etc. Ladies' Cloth Top Button. Owing to delay in arriving we have determined to sell at away down prices.

CALL EARLY.

Carmichael & Paterson
35 Johnson Street.

NADA THE LILY.

By H. RIDER HAGGARD.

[Copyright, 1892, by Tillotson & Son and published by special arrangement with them.]

CHAPTER XXI.

MOPO REVEALS HIMSELF TO THE SLAUGHTERER.

Then of a sudden I threw the blanket from my face.

All that night we watched, but we neither saw nor heard any more of the wolves nor of the men who hunted with them. On the morrow, at dawn, I sent a runner to Bulalio, chief of the People of the Ax, saying that a messenger came to him from Dingaan, the king, who desired to speak with him in peace within the gates of his kraal. I charged the messenger, however, that he should not tell my name, but should say only that it was "Mouth of Dingaan." Then I and those with me followed slowly on the path.

Around the base of the great Ghost mountain we met no one, but once we came to the ruins of a kraal, and in it lay the broken bones of many men, and with the bones rusty assegais and the remains of ox hide shields, black and white in color. Now I examined the shields and knew from their color that they had been carried in the hands of those soldiers who years ago were sent out by Chaka to seek for Umslopogaas, but who had returned no more.

"Now," I said, "it has fared ill with those soldiers of the Black One who is gone."

"These are the shields they bore and those are the skulls they wore," answered one. "See, Mopo, son of Makedama, this is no man's work that has brought them to their death. Men do not break the bones of their foes in pieces as these bones are broken. Wow! Men do not break them, but wolves do, and last night we saw wolves a-hunting; nor did they hunt alone, Mopo. Wow! This is a haunted land!"

At length, an hour before sundown, we came to the open lands, and there, on the crest of a rise beyond the river, we saw the kraal of the People of the Ax. It was a great kraal and well built, and their cattle were spread about the plains like to herds of game for number. We went to the river and passed it by the ford, then sat down and waited, till presently I saw the man whom I had sent forward returning toward us. He came and saluted me, and I asked him for news.

"This is my news, Mopo," he said. "I have seen him who is named Bulalio, and he is a great man—long and lean, with a fierce face and carrying a mighty ax—such an ax as he bore last night who hunted with the wolves. When I had been led before the chief I saluted him and spoke to him—the words you laid upon my tongue I spoke to him. He listened, then laughed aloud and said: 'Tell him who sent you that the Mouth of Dingaan shall be welcome and shall speak the words of Dingaan in peace; yet I would that it were the head of Dingaan that came, and not his mouth only, for then ax Groanmaker should join in our talk—aye, because of one Mopo, whom his brother Chaka murdered, it would also speak with Dingaan. Still, the mouth is not the head, so the mouth may come in peace.'"

Now I started when for the second time I heard talk of one Mopo, whose name had been on the lips of Bulalio the Slaughterer. Who was there who would thus have loved Mopo except one who was long dead?

There were none to meet us at the gates, and none stood by the doors of the huts within them, but beyond, from the cattle kraal that was in the center of the huts, rose a dust and a din as of men gathering for war. Now some of those with me were afraid and would have turned back, fearing treachery, and they were yet more afraid when, on coming to the inner entrance of the cattle kraal, we saw some five hundred soldiers being mustered there, company by company, by two great men, who ran up and down the ranks shouting.

But I cried: "Nay, nay! Turn not back! Bold looks melt the hearts of foes. Moreover, if this Bulalio would have murdered us there was no need for him to call up so many of his warriors. He is a proud chief and would show his might, not knowing that the king we serve can muster a company for every man he has. Let us go on boldly."

So he walked forward toward the impi that was gathered on the farther side of the kraal. Now the two great men who were marshaling the soldiers saw us and came to meet us, one following the other. He who came first bore the ax upon his shoulder and he who followed swung a huge club. I looked upon the foremost of them, and ah! my father, my heart grew faint with joy, for I knew him across the years. It was Umslopogaas—my fosterling, Umslopogaas—and none other, now grown into manhood—aye, into such a man as was not to be found beside him in Zululand. He was great and fierce, somewhat spare in frame, but wide shouldered and shallow flanked. His arms were long and not over big, but the muscles stood out on them like knots in a rope, his legs were long also and very thick beneath the knee. His eye was like an eagle's, his nose somewhat hooked and he held his head a little forward, as a man who searches continually for a hidden foe. He seemed to walk slowly, and yet he came swiftly, but with a gliding movement like that of a wolf or a lion, and always his fingers played around the horn handle of the ax Groanmaker. For him who followed, he was great also, shorter than Umslopogaas by the half of a head, but of a sturdier build. His eyes were small and twinkled unceasingly like a little star, and his look was very wild, for now and again he grinned, showing his white teeth.

When I saw Umslopogaas I longed to run to him and throw myself upon his neck. Yet I took counsel with myself and did not—nay, I dropped the corner of the kaross I wore over my eyes, hiding my face, lest he should know me. Presently he stood before me, searching me out with his keen eyes, for I drew forward to greet him.

"Greeting, Mouth of Dingaan," he said in a loud voice. "You are a little man to be the mouth of so big a chief."

"The mouth is a little member, even of the body of a great king. O Chief Bulalio, ruler of the People of the Ax, wizard of the wolves that are upon the Ghost mountain, who aforetime was named Umslopogaas, son of Mopo, son of Makedama."

Now, when Umslopogaas heard these words he started and stared hard at me.

"You are well instructed," he said.

"The ears of the king are large if his mouth be small, O Chief Bulalio," I answered, and I, who am but the mouth, speak what the ears have heard."

"How know you that I have dwelt with the wolves upon the Ghost mountain, O Mouth?" he asked.

"The eyes of the king see far, O Chief Bulalio. Thus, methinks, last night they saw a great chase and a merry. It seems that they saw a koodoo bull running at speed and after him countless wolves making their music, and with the wolves two men clad in wolves' skins—such men as you, Bulalio, and he with the club who follows you."

Now Umslopogaas lifted the ax Groanmaker as though he would cut me down, then let it fall again, while Galazi the Wolf glared at me with wide opened eyes.

"How know you that I was once named Umslopogaas, who have lost that name these many days? Speak, O Mouth, lest I kill you."

"Slay if you will, Umslopogaas," I answered, "but know that when the brains are scattered the mouth is dumb. He who scatters brains loses wisdom."

"Answer!" he said.

"I answer not. Who are you that I should answer you? I know it; it is enough. To my business."

Now Umslopogaas ground his teeth in anger. "I am not wont to be thwarted here in my own kraal," he said. "But to your business. Speak it, Little Mouth."

"This is my business, little chief. When the Black One who is gone yet lived you sent him a message by one Masilo—such a message as his ears had never heard and that had been your death. O fool puffed up with pride, but death came first upon the Black One, and his hand was staid. Now Dingaan, whose shadow lies upon the land, the king whom I serve, and who sits in the place of the Black One who is gone, speaks to you by me, his mouth. He would know this: If it is true that you refuse to own his sovereignty, to pay tribute to him in men and maids and cattle and to serve him in his wars. Answer, you little headman—answer in few words and short!"

Now Umslopogaas gasped for breath in his rage and again he fingered the great ax. "It is well for you, O Mouth," he said, "that I swore safe conduct to you, else you had not gone hence. Yet I answer you in few words and short. Look on those spears—they are but a fourth part of the number I can muster. That is my answer. Look now on yonder mountain, the mountain of ghosts and wolves—unknown, impassable, save to me and one other only. That is my answer. Spears and mountain shall come together—the mountain shall be alive with spears and with the fangs of beasts. Let Dingaan seek his tribute there! I have spoken!"

Now I laughed shrilly, desiring to try the heart of Umslopogaas, my fosterling, yet further.

"Fool!" I said. "Boy with the brain of a monkey, for every spear you have, Dingaan, whom I serve, can send a hundred, and your mountain shall be stamped flat; and for your ghosts and your wolves, see, with the mouth of Dingaan I spit upon them!" and I spat upon the ground.

Now Umslopogaas shook in his rage, and the great ax glimmered as he shook. He turned to the captain who was behind him and said, "Say, Galazi the Wolf, shall we kill this man and those with him?"

"Nay," answered the Wolf, grinning, "do not kill them. You have given them safe conduct. Moreover, let them go back to their dog of a king, that he may send out his puppies to do battle with our wolves. It will be a pretty fight."

"Get you gone, O Mouth," said Umslopogaas—"get you gone swiftly, lest a worse thing befall you! Without my gates you shall find food to satisfy your hunger. Eat of it and begone, for if tomorrow at the noon you are found within a spear's throw of this kraal you and those with you shall bide there forever, O Mouth of Dingaan the king!"

Now I made as though I would depart, then turning suddenly I spoke once more, saying:

"There were words in your message to the Black One who is gone of a certain man—nay, how was he named?—of a certain Mopo."

"What of Mopo, O Mouth, whose eyes are veiled? Mopo is dead, whose son I was!"

"Ah!" I said. "Yes, Mopo is dead—that is, the Black One who is gone killed a certain Mopo. How came it, O Bulalio, that you were his son?"

"Mopo is dead," quoth Umslopogaas again. "He is dead with all his house, his kraal is stamped flat, and that is why I hated the Black One, and therefore I hate Dingaan his brother, and will be as are Mopo and the house of Mopo before I pay him tribute of a single ox."

Now, my father, all this while I had spoken in a feigned voice, but now I spoke in my own voice, saying:

"So! Now you speak from your heart, young man, and by digging I have reached the root of the matter. It is because of this dead dog of a Mopo that you defy the king."

Umslopogaas heard the voice and shook no more with anger, but rather with fear and wonder. He looked at me hard, answering nothing.

"Have you a hut near by, O Chief Bulalio, foe of Dingaan the king, where I, the mouth of the king, may speak with you awhile apart? For I would learn your message word by word that I may deliver it. Fear not, Slaughterer, to sit alone with me in an empty hut. I am unarmed and old, and there is that in your hand which I should fear," and I pointed to the ax.

Now Umslopogaas, still shaking in his limbs, answered, "Follow me, O Mouth, and you, Galazi, stay with these men."

So I followed Umslopogaas, and presently we came to a large hut. Now for awhile it seemed dark in the hut, so I waited till our eyes could search the darkness. Then of a sudden I threw the blanket from my face.

"Look on me now, O Chief Bulalio, O Slaughterer, who once was named Umslopogaas—look on me and say who am I." Then he looked at me and his jaw fell.

"Either you are Mopo, my father, grown old—Mopo who is dead, or the ghost of Mopo," he answered in a low voice.

"I am Mopo, your father, Umslopogaas," I said. "You have been long in knowing me, who knew you from the first."

Then Umslopogaas cried aloud, but yet softly, and letting fall the ax Groanmaker, he flung himself upon my breast and wept there. And I wept also.

"Oh, my father," he said, "I thought that you were dead with the others, and now you have come back to me; and I—I would have lifted the ax against you in my folly. Oh, it is well that I have lived and not died, since once more I look upon your face—the face that I thought dead, but which yet lives, though it be sorely changed, as though by grief and years."

"Peace, Umslopogaas, my son," I said. "I also deemed you dead in the lion's mouth, though in truth it seemed strange to me that any other man than Umslopogaas could have wrought the deeds which I have heard of as done by Bulalio, chief of the People of the Ax—aye, and thrown defiance in the teeth of Chaka. But you are not dead, and I, I am not dead. It was another Mopo whom Chaka killed. I slew Chaka: Chaka did not slay me."

"And of Nada—what of Nada, my sister?" he said.

"Macropha your mother and Nada your sister are dead, Umslopogaas. They are dead at the hands of the people of the Halakazi, who dwell in Swaziland."

"I have heard of that people," he answered presently, "and so has Galazi the Wolf, yonder. He has a hate to satisfy against them—they murdered his father. Now I have two, for they have murdered my mother and my sister. Ah, Nada, my sister! Nada, my sister!" and the great man rocked himself to and fro in his grief.

Now, my father, it came into my thoughts to make the truth plain to Umslopogaas, and tell him that Nada was no sister of his and that he was no son of mine, but rather of Chaka. And yet I did not, though now I would that I had done so. For I saw well how great was the pride and how high was the heart of Umslopogaas, and I saw also that if once he should learn that the throne of Zululand was his by right nothing could hold him back, for he would swiftly break into open rebellion against Dingaan the king, and in my judgment the time was not ripe for that. Had I known, indeed, but one short year before that Umslopogaas still lived, he had sat where Dingaan sat this day; but I did not know it, and the chance had gone by for awhile. Now Dingaan was king and mustered many regiments around him, for I had held him back from war, as in the case of the raid that he would have made upon the Swazis. The chance had gone by, but it would come again, and till it came I would say nothing. I would do this, rather—I would bring Dingaan and Umslopogaas together, that Umslopogaas might become known in the land as a great chief and the first of warriors. Then I would cause him to be advanced to be an induna and a general to lead the impis of the king, for he who leads the impis is already half a king.

So I held my peace upon this matter, but till the dawn was gray Umslopogaas and I sat together and talked. I told him how all my wives and children had been killed, how I had been put to the torment, and showed him my white and withered hand. I told him also of the death of Baleka my sister and of all my people of the Langeni, and of how I had revenged my wrongs upon Chaka and made Dingaan to be king in his place, and was now the first man in the land under the king, though the king feared me much and loved me little. But I did not tell him that Baleka my sister was his own mother.

When I had done my tale Umslopogaas told me his—how Galazi had rescued him from the lioness; how he had become one of the Wolf Brethren; how he had conquered Jikiza and become chief of the People of the Ax, and taken Zinita to wife and grown great in the land.

I asked him how it came about that he still hunted with the wolves as he had done last night. He answered that now he was great and there was nothing more to win, and at times a weariness of life came upon him, and then he must up and together with Galazi hunt and harry with the wolves, for thus only could he find rest.

I said that I would show him better game to hunt before all was done, and asked him further if he loved his wife, Zinita. Umslopogaas answered that he would love her better if she loved him not so much, for she was jealous and quick to anger, and that was a sorrow to him. Then, when he had slept awhile, he led me from the hut, and I and my people were feasted with the best, and I spoke with Zinita and Galazi the Wolf. For the last, I liked him well. This was a good man to have at one's back in battle. But my heart spoke to me against Zinita. She was handsome and tall, but with fierce eyes, which always watched Umslopogaas, my fosterling; and I noted that he was fearless of all other things, yet seemed to fear Zinita. Neither did she love me, for when she saw how the Slaughterer clung to me, as it were, instantly she grew jealous—as already she was jealous of Galazi—and would have been rid of me if she might.

(To be Continued.)

The Testimonials

Published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are not extravagant, are not "written up," nor are they from its employes. They are facts, and prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses absolute merit and is worthy the full confidence of the people.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, effective, but do not cause pain or gripe. Be sure to get Hood's.

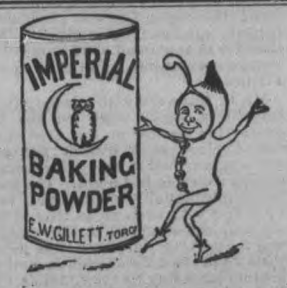
Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobaccos you have been using for years. Grant it; that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OLD CHUM PLUG, or CUT smoking tobacco; we believe you will be BETTER satisfied. In any case, a trial won't hurt you. m-w-s

Get prices from Victoria Litho raph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

The latest designs in chenille curtains and portiers at greatly reduced prices at the Arcade.

Fine fishing tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.



THE IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

C. P. N. CO., LD.

Steamer

Princess Louise

Capt. McCulloch

Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf

FOR NAAS RIVER

And Way Ports.

TUESDAY, JULY 12th,

AT 6 O'CLOCK, P.M.

For freight and passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

jy9-td

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

—WILL SAIL ON—

MONDAY, JULY 11

From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.

For freight or passage apply to CAPT. J. D. WARREN, 22 Trounce Avenue.

jy9-td

ADVICE.

Instead of Blarneying about the Canada Western, etc., during the warm weather, you should look in at D. Campbell & Co's, the Only Tailors in the province, and see their fine Summer Suitings, something that will keep you cool and comfortable.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 Government St.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Fand streets

VICTORIA B. C.

We claim our regular prices are fully

10 PER CENT. LOWER

than others in our line, and in addition we

GIVE 5 PER CENT.

in goods on all cash sales.

CAMERON

The Clothier,

55 JOHNSON STREET.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,

Have the following very desirable properties for sale on terms to suit. Sure to turn out first-class investments.

100 acres, only $25 per acre; easy terms, 7 per cent. interest.

100 acres, only $45 per acre; with good cottage; 20 acres under cultivation.

100 acres, only $75 per acre.

50 acres, only $50 per acre.

100 acres, only $50 per acre.

8 acres, only $500 per acre; cleared; splendid soil and position.

9½ acres, only $425 per acre.

9 acres, only $425 per acre.

1 cottage, Victoria West, $800; easy terms.

1 house, Victoria West, $1050; easy terms.

1 house, Oak Bay avenue, $1600; $600 cash, balance on mortgage (snap).

3 lots Fowl Bay, close to tram, cheap.

1 lot, splendid building site, Richardson street, $2000.

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au23 tf

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC — THE OVERLAND ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO— OMAHA

KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, COLONIST SLEEPERS, RECLINING CHAIR CARS AND DINERS.

STEAMERS PORTLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY 4 DAYS.

TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE

For rates and general information call on or address HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Agents, 100 Government street.

W. H. HURLBURT, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. Agt. 254 Washington street, Portland Oregon.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 16.

To take effect at 3.00 a.m. on Friday, April 29th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.
	Ar. 12.45 P M	Ar. 8.30 P M	78
	" 12.30 "	" 7.55 "	77
	" 12.10 "	" 7.36 "	74
	" 11.45 A M	" 7.08 "	68
	" 11.10 "	" 6.37 "	62
	" 10.50 "	" 6.15 "	57
	" 10.27 "	" 5.52 "	53
	" 10.11 "	" 5.35 "	49
	" 10.00 "	" 5.23 "	46
	" 9.35 "	" 5.00 "	42
	" 9.15 "	" 4.35 "	38
	Dp. 8.50 "	Dp. 4.20 "	33
	Ar. 8.30 "	Ar. 3.57 "	29
	Dp. 8.10 "	Dp. 4.00 "	0

STATIONS
VICTORIA
RUSSELLS
GOLDSTREAM
SUMMIT SIDING
SHAWNIGAN LAKE
COBBLE HILL
McPHERSON'S
KOKSILAH
DUNCANS
CHEMAINUS
OYSTER BAY SIDG
NANAIMO
WELLINGTON

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Victoria.
	Dp. 8.50 A M	Dp. 3.04 P M	1
	" 8.04 "	" 3.08 "	11
	" 8.14 "	" 3.16 "	16
	" 8.19 "	" 3.21 "	20
	" 8.37 "	" 3.37 "	28
	" 8.41 "	" 3.41 "	31
	" 8.44 "	" 3.44 "	33
	" 10.07 "	" 4.50 "	62
	" 10.19 "	" 5.04 "	69
	" 10.23 "	" 5.08 "	72
	" 10.28 "	" 5.13 "	75
	" 10.39 "	" 5.24 "	82
	" 10.50 "	" 5.35 "	89
	Ar. 11.00 "	" 5.45 "	96
	Dp. 11.00 "	" 6.22 "	73
	Ar. 12.15 P M	Ar. 6.34 "	0

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt. H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

oct1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

—THE— HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.

DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

—TO ALL— EASTERN POINTS,

$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all

EUROPEAN POINTS

Tickets now on sale for

ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,

Good to go in either direction.

For time tables and full information apply to D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt., ALLAN CAMERON, Vancouver, B.C. Fgt. & Pass. Agent. Corner Government and Fort sts., Victoria, B.C. au14

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address TEOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block E. P. ROGERS, Tacoma, Wash. Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE— Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of DINING CARS, unsurpassed, PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of late equipment, TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and —ELEGANT DAY COACHES—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 1st St., cor Washington, Portland

G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

SEALERS ARRIVE HOME.

A Couple Come Home on Account of Shortage of Provisions.

The first of the sealing fleet to be driven home on account of the shortness of provisions caused by the seizure of the Coquitlam, arrived in the harbor on Saturday evening. The fleet that came home Saturday are four in number, the Mary Taylor, Pioneer, San Diego and Otto. The two latter came home on account of the action of their crews. The Otto had an Indian crew who would not go to the Russian coast and the crew of the San Diego wanted to be paid by the month if the schooner went across to the Asia side.

The Otto was the first to come in. She landed her Indians off Nitinat on Friday. She had 263 skins.

The Mary Taylor came in second with 942 skins. She came home as her provisions were getting short and the chance of getting a further supply was very slim. If she went into Sand Point without her skins she would be seized for transferring them in American waters and if she got her supplies with her skins aboard she would have to take them to the Russian coast with her.

The Pioneer had 419 skins. She came home in charge of Capt. Geddes, her master, Capt. McDougall, having been drowned, and Mate Carter, who was in the boat with Capt. McDougall at the time of the accident, is coming down on the Labrador.

On account of the crew of the San Diego wanting to be paid by the month, while sealing on the Russian coast, that schooner was brought home. She had 558 skins.

It was reported that the Indian crew of the schooner Rosie Olsen had refused to allow American officers to board the schooner, and that she had been seized and sent to Sitka.

A fleet of twenty-eight schooners had a race out of Port Etches on the 28th. The Agnes McDonald took the lead.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

KAMLOOPS.

Provincial Government Auditro J. Pierson is in the interior inspecting the books of the several Government offices. It is not the usual annual examination, but it is understood he will go back for a couple of years and enquire as to whether all the requirements of law which should produce revenue to the Government have been properly complied with.

Road Master A. Stevenson has begun work on the Nicola-Granite Creek wagon road. There is an appropriation of $4000 for this work, but it is thought this will not be sufficient to construct the entire road, 60 miles.

The Tulameen Hydraulic Co. at Eagle Creek have organized and appointed Mr. Wells as superintendent. They are opening their claim in good shape. Their principal object was to obtain platinum, but they get a larger proportion of gold, and it is likely to be more successful as a gold than platinum mine.

The pasture on all the uplands, and the crops in Vodght, Coldwater and Nicola valleys are exceptionally good this year, owing to seasonable rains.

A project is on foot for working the gypsum deposits near 89-mile post on the Cariboo road.

Mr. John Murray, of Spence's Bridge, has already had large returns from his small fruits, which are selling as fast as picked.

The Bonaparte stock raisers are rounding up and branding their cattle.

Traffic over the Cariboo wagon road is increasing.

It is proposed to connect Lillooet with the C.P.R. telegraph system, and measures are now being taken to that end.

Major Vaughn, coal expert and mining engineer, has applied for a coal prospecting lease of 1200 acres of land on the Guerin ranch and has set a force of men at work running an incline. He has great encouragement in the little work already done, finding two 12-inch, one 8-inch, and several smaller veins, which he is following with the belief that they will soon unite in one vein. Major Vaughn has started up the North Thompson to report on the character of the coal find there.

Messrs. Geo. McDonald and Andrew Derby returned Wednesday evening from Mosquito Flat. Mr. Derby spent the entire winter there alone, splitting rails and doing other work to improve his ranch. For four and a half months he did not see the face of a white man, and for three months no human being whatever. His dog was his companion. Not having snowshoes, he could not look far for game, but found rabbits innumerable near by. Later in the season he replenished his stock of game meat by surprising a herd of 15 to 20 deer on a neighboring plateau.

Indians from Mad River reported that the Blackwood trading party had bridged the river and gone northward, but it is believed that the later melting snows which supply the upper streams will still make progress difficult, and that the Indians they are aiming to reach and trade with will have disposed of their furs before the party can reach them.

ILLECILLEWAET.

A. F. McKinnon has sold the Maple Leaf to Mr. Mackintosh for $50,000. This is the largest single sale yet made here. Mr. Mackintosh leaves for Ottawa on Saturday and sails for England about the 14th. He expects to return to Illecillewaet about the 1st of September.

Eight tons of ore were shipped to Scotland from the Jumbo to-day, and the mine is as good as sold. The expert makes no secret about it, and pronounces it a first-class property.

A great many new locations have been made during the last few days.

In the Fish Creek district and on the claims of that name good discoveries are being made. Mr. Fishburn, it is rumored, has struck a foot of good ore in a part of the mine hitherto unexplored. The "Dunvagan," situated on the same creek, is reported as being negotiated for by Mr. S. S. Fowler, of Golden. There are others, however, who will purchase in case of his declining the option.

REVELSTOKE.

A freight train was wrecked near Albert Canyon early on Friday morning.

A party engaged in surveying a route for the new railway to Nakusp are camped nearly half-way down the Upper Arrow Lake. They are following the shore line on the eastern side.

Jack Shaw and John Sands returned to the Big Bend mines this week. They work on the Consolation at French creek.

The crop of small fruits in the vicinity of the town this year is phenomenal.

The Columbia River this week has reached the highest point recorded for a number of years, the water rising within a few feet of the plank footway under Revelstoke railway bridge, while all the heavily timbered islands are covered to a depth of two or three feet, all the sandbars having been submerged two or three weeks since. Vast quantities of logs are going down stream in one long procession, being washed away from jams which occurred several years ago and which have lain high and dry ever since. Large trees with roots and branches adhering are also noticed amongst the driftwood, which shows that the river is undermining its banks and enlarging its channel.

GOLDEN.

Mr. Woods and brother from Quebec, arrived last week. They are interested in Canal Flat and several other claims and intend to rush mining matters with which they are associated.

On Wednesday last Locksley Lucas was tried for carrying a loaded revolver and thereby intimidating the peaceable citizens of Golden. He was severely reprimanded, fined $15 and bound over in two sureties of $100 each to keep the peace for six months.

Messrs. Massey and Jones were in last week from McMurdo basin and report the discovery of a good galena vein. Mr. P. Lambrich also came in from the same locality.

FORT STEELE.

Considerable excitement prevails in this very promising mining camp on account of the recent rich discoveries which have been made. Already several claims have been located and no doubt several more records will follow. The lode so far has not been thoroughly and definitely traced, but the out-croppings are such as to indicate an enormous deposit. The ore carries copper, silver and gold all in paying quantities, the silver returns running over 100 ounces per ton, with copper 25 per cent. and gold $10.

PROVINCIAL SURVEYS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Some time ago I addressed a letter to the TIMES in reference to the provincial survey work, which reflected on the course of the Chief Commissioner. I find that the statements and charges I then made were based on a misunderstanding, and I wish now to withdraw them as publicly as they were made.

W. L. LYNN, P.L.S.

WHY SO MANY INFANTS DIED LAST MONTH.

In several of our large Canadian cities the death-rate amongst infants during the month of June was larger than we expected, considering the efforts that had been put forth by the health authorities in sanitary matters.

This question of excessive infant mortality during the hot summer months is a difficult one to deal with and can never be successfully handled by the health officers of any city.

Physicians do not hesitate in declaring that improper infant dieting is the main trouble—the direct cause of the large proportion of infant deaths. They tell us that stale and sour cow's milk, and impoverished and scanty breast milk, coming from mothers who are feverish or otherwise physically unfit to nurse their infants, are fruitful sources of sickness and disease to the babies.

This accounts for the loss of thousands of infants in Canada every summer, and we believe the large mortality last month can be traced directly to the troubles just referred to. What result will the present month show? We fear to think of it; it will be appalling if the weather is hotter.

In the face of all this, it is cheering to know that thousands of little infants are progressing with amazing rapidity during the present hot weather, simply because they are being nourished on health-giving Lactated Food.

This valuable Food is life to the infant in summer time; it is a guard and shield from all the terrible diseases which are now so prevalent. Lactated Food is in very truth the only known substitute for nature's own food—breast milk—because it contains all its healthy ingredients. Our best physicians have tested it in their daily practice, and declare it to be the best in the world. Try it mothers, at once. You can save your infants.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—Naval Storekeeper, CMorley, Order, Langley & Co, Sehl-Hastie Co, Hudson Bay Co, AJ Cohen, A J Rowbotham, C Strouss, H Saunders, B Gorden, Ben Lowe, J W Miller, Phoenix Brew Co, M W Waitt, H S Hampson, Beckworth T & K, R McDonald, T N Hibben, Dixi H Ross, Union Colliery Co, R Dunsmuir, D Lindsay, P McQuade & Son, J Piercy, L G Burns, G H Maynard, D Spencer, Lenz & Leiser, Nicholles & Renouf, Albion Iron Works, E G Prior & Co, R Lettice, E B Marvin, A Sehl, J Fullerton, J A T Caton, Feil & Co, Weiler Bros, Captain Coutts, Cochrane & Munn, Carne & Munsie, M R Smith, R H Jamieson, Dominion Exp Co.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—Allan Cameron, Geo North, Madge Clifton, Mrs W Berrord, B Gordon, J Spinks, WmGill, C G Wylly, Dr Bridgeman, J Piercy, Capt G W Robertson, Robt Felton, D W Corbin, F Jones, T F Sinclair, R C Spinks, G A Keefer, Miss Wallace, Miss M Tolminson, J W Neville, Thos Bay, Mrs Saint, P Marsman, J Bowdon, C R King, J M Spinks, F T Chapman, F Busack, Jas Campbell.

Mothers

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

China mattings in great variety at Spencer's Arcade.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AMUSEMENTS.

Picnic . . . .
Parties . . .

Can make arrangements for busses by the day or by the trip to any suburban summer resort at very reasonable charges.
VICTORIA TRANSFER CO.
je17-1m 21 & 23 Broughton St.

LYON & HEALY,
154 to 166 State St., Chicago.
Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, By-Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

See the Butter Melt!

Get a family size

American :: Refrigerator

And keep your Butter, Meat, Milk, etc., nice and sweet during the hot weather.

A stock of all sizes just arrived Also Ice Cream Freezers, Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, etc., etc., at

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S
134-136 Government Street.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

FANS of all kinds and prices
FROM
China, Japan and France.

FLOWER POTS FLOWER BASKETS
PICNIC BASKETS.

Choice Well Matured Manilla Cigars.

T. S. FUTCHER,
41 FORT STREET VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE
AT SAM'L CLAY'S
Johnson St., 4 doors above Douglas

20 TONS OF PRIME HEAVY BLACK OATS.
18 TONS OF HEAVY MAINLAND OATS, well cleaned.
10 TONS OF BRIGHT ISLAND-GROWN OATS.
ALSO, A CHOICE SAMPLE OF NOR'-WEST OATS.
HAY, STRAW, WHEAT AND BARLEY.

These being consignments, I will sell at
Bedrock Prices for Cash.

ROBERT N. FITTON,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Fifteen years' practical experience.

Pruning. Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.

All communications attended to promptly.
RESIDENCE 58 NORTH PARK ST.
Box 748. mh7-tf Victoria, B.C.

Do You Know

THAT S. DAVIS & SONS

are the Largest Cigar Manufacturers in Canada?

THAT THEY

have spent thousands of dollars to introduce their brands?

THAT THEY

know that in order to hold the confidence of the public they must maintain the quality of their brands?

THAT THEY

have obtained First Prize Medals at Paris, 1867; Philadelphia Centennial, 1876; Montreal. 1863-8, **in competition with the world?**

THAT THEIR

Factory, in comparison with other countries in population, is the **Largest in the World?**

THAT THEY

manufacture the Highest Grade Goods?

THAT THEIR

"La Cadena" and **"La Flora"** Clear Havana Cigars are **superior** to the Imported, and at **much lower prices?**

THAT THEIR

"Madre e Hijo" and **"El Padre"** are exceptionally fine (millions sold annually)?

THAT THEIR

"Cable," "Mungo" and **"Kicker"** are unequalled (millions sold annually)?

IF YOU DO,

Then, why do you allow other brands to be substituted in their stead?

S. DAVIS & SONS, - - MONTREAL.
m-w-s-tf

Argyle House

REDUCTIONS

IN THE PRICES OF

PRINTS

32-inch English Prints in a great variety of Colors and Patterns, reduced from
16 1-2 CTS. TO 12 1-2 CTS. A YARD

A large assortment of Navys, Indigos, Browns, etc., etc., Reduced from
12 1-2 CENTS to 10 CENTS A YARD

Also a large lot, good assortment of Patterns and Colors, Reduced from
10 CENTS TO 7 CENTS A YARD.

Just Received:
1 CASE BLK. CORSETS
SPECIAL VALUE
$1.00 A PAIR.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED dry goods firms have agreed to close their places of business on Saturday afternoons from 1 to 6:30 p.m. during June, July and August:

FIRMS.	PROPRIETORS.
Spencer's Arcade	D. Spencer
White House	H. Young & Co.
Westside	J. Hutcheson & Co.
Albion House	E. White
Victoria House	Shears and Page
City House	Wm. Wilson & Co.
Stanley House	W. S. Hampson & Co.
Lansdowne House	J. M. Partridge
Manchester House	Thos. Haugliton & Co.
Vancouver House	Wm. Craft
Argyle House	John Horner & Co.
Somerset House	H. Bickford
Whitlaw Estate	T. Fowls

my31

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m29-tf 55 Third street Victoria.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL
(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
Dec. 30.

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST—Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. Before. After. junel0-1y

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose post age for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. june10-1y.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

BEFORE

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to prematue old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

AFTER

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO WESTERN BRANCH, Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

PERFECTLY RESTORED!

"I intended to let you know results of treatment, but thought I'd best wait, and after five months I must say, that I am thoroughly satisfied that I was perfectly restored to health, both as regards physical and nervous vigor, and I may also say, that I am engaged at work for the last five months, which I never could have stood but for your treatment."

The original of above letter is on file in our office. It is No. 81 in a collection of over 2,000 similar letters from actual patients. We have a

A POSITIVE CURE

For **Lost or Failing Vitality**; General and **Nervous Debility**; Weakness of Body and **Mind**, Effect of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young How to enlarge and Strengthen **Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body.** Absolutely unfailing **Home Treatment** — Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States, Territories and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
7 BUFFALO, N.Y

FLOWER SEEDS

Just received, direct from
ENGLAND AND GERMANY,
—A—
Very Choice Assortment
—OF—
FLOWER SEEDS.

C. A. McTAVISH
9 PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.

BUSINESS CHANCE

A GOOD RUSTLER can make money by calling at my store and buying my merry-go-round. The outfit consists of horses, engine, tent, sleighs, organ, etc., and is movable. The sale price can be cleared in two holidays. A great success for the right man.
a26-tf FRANK CAMPBELL.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, doing business as real estate and financial brokers under the firm name of Hamlin, Bourchier and Company, have this day agreed to dissolve the partnership heretofore existing between us.

Mr. Bourchier will carry on the business in his own name at the offices occupied by the late firm. Mr. Hamlin occupying an office at the same place.

Mr. Bourchier will receive all moneys due the firm and pay all accounts against the same.

Dated July 6th, 1892.
L. B. HAMLIN,
FRANCIS BOURCHIER.

Messrs. Belyea & Gregory, barristers, 65½ Government street, are authorized to receive and receipt for all moneys due the late firm and to receive all accounts against the same.

Dated July 9th, 1892.
jy9-1w FRANCIS BOURCHIER.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED against giving John Doherty, Jr., money on accounts due John Doherty, Sr. And likewise I will not be responsible for any debts he may contract.

JOHN DOHERTY, SR.
Victoria, July 9th, 1892. jy9-3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately existing between the undersigned Alexander Phillips and Phillip A. Phillips, as soda water manufacturers at No. 8 Yates street, Victoria, under the firm or style of "Phillips & Son," is dissolved as from this date by mutual consent, and the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Phillip A. Phillips and David A. Phillips under the firm or style of "Phillips Brothers," and they will pay all claims against both firms. All debts due to the firm are to be paid to them.

Dated this 29th day of June, 1892.
A. PHILLIPS,
PHIL A. PHILLIPS,
Witness: DAVID A. PHILLIPS.
C. DUBOIS MASON. je21-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 30 days after date application will be made by the undersigned to the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa for permision to erect and extend a wharf on Lots 539 A and 540 A, fronting on James Bay, Victoria Harbor. Plans showing situation of proposed wharf have been deposited with the Minister of Public Works and in the Land Registry office at Victoria, B.C.

GEO. STELLY,
T. F. SINCLAIR.
Victoria, June 8th, 1892. je9-30t

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between John Earsman and Alexander McKenzie Leitch, under the name or style of John Earsman & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will in future be carried on by John Earsman.

6th July, 1892. jy6-1m

Estate of Ira Wilson, Deceased.

All claims against the above estate are to be handed in to the executors, Messrs. George Deans and William Whittaker, who will collect all outstanding debts owing to the estate, which must be settled forthwith. All accounts must be certified and handed in to the undersigned under cover to the above named executors.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
63 Government Street, Victoria.
Victoria, B. C., June 2, 1892. ju7-tf

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
52 Government street, Victoria.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

NOTICE.

Applications for the position of Principal of the Victoria High School, salary $1500 per annum, will be received by the undersigned until July 12th next.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary
Victoria City School Trustees.
Victoria, B.C., May 11th, 1892.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

NELSON TOWN LOTS

PRESENT PRICES WILL BE ADVANCED AFTER 15TH JULY.

Choice Business and Residence Property for Sale

In the Town of Nelson, Kootenay District, the Mining and Business Centre of the Finest Mineral Portion of British Columbia. Communication by Rail and Steam Daily. Prices Reasonable and Easy Terms.

Lots for Sale at ROBSON, the Columbia River Terminus of the C. & K. Ry. (2 miles from Sproat's Landing.)

FIFTY DOLLARS TO TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS EACH.

june11 Apply to F. FLETCHER, Land Department C. & K. Railway, Nelson, B. C.

Jackson & Sylvius

Watchmakers and Jewelers

76 Government St.

WORSE THAN DRUNKENNESS.

An African King Substitutes Hemp Smoking for the Liquor Habit.

New York Sun.]

About seven years ago King Kalamba, ruler of the very intelligent Baluba tribe in the southern part of the Congo basin, decided that intoxicating liquors were a great curse and that he would at once free his people from the bondage of intemperance. He therefore made it a grave crime to drink palm wine and other intoxicating beverages, and in order to put temptation beyond the reach of his people he issued an edict that all the palm trees in his country should be cut down. This destructive measure was immediately carried out.

If the king had stopped with this remarkable effort to propagate the cause of temperance all might have fared well with his people, but unfortunately he introduced a practice which was far more baleful than intemperance. He introduced the culture of hemp, and made hemp smoking one of the religious practices of the country. Thenceforth this injurious vice was to figure among the rites employed in the worship of the native gods.

The culture of hemp rapidly extended, and the habit of hemp smoking grew upon the people until it has seriously injured them. The results are said to be far more injurious than the excessive use of opium.

Prince H. De Croy, who is the Commissioner of the Congo Free State in the Kassai district, writes that he has visited Kaluba villages whose entire population has been almost ruined in morals and physique by the practice of hemp smoking. He is now using all his influence to root out the practice. He finds, however, that he must move with great prudence for fear of exciting opposition that may defeat his purposes.

He has secured the consent of the king to the reintroduction of the palm tree, and about 4000 of these trees have thus far been replanted throughout the country. He is also introducing the culture of tobacco, and thinks he is making headway in his efforts to induce the King and his subjects to diminish the area devoted to hemp planting, and to replace it with the tobacco plant. He has sent to Europe for a large quantity of tobacco seed, and he hopes that gradually he may destaoy the practice which is now ruining the people.

The Food of the Coming Man.

Professor W.O. Atwater, the chemist, points out the curious fact that, in the extraordinary applications of science to practical problems in recent years, one of the most important fundamental problems has been strangely overlooked, viz., the scientific study of food. The coming man will avoid four mistakes that are now largely made: (1) he will not buy as expensive kinds of food as are now generally bought, because some of the less expensive foods are the most nutritive and palatable; (2) with further scientific information the coming man will value foods in proportion to their nutritive qualities; (3) if goods are bought and eaten with reference to their nutritive qualities, and not to mere fashion or habit, it would require a much less quality to keep a man in his best working condition than is now generally consumed; (4) there will be a revolution wrought in the present way of cooking, which is both wasteful and primitive and far behind our advancement in almost every other art.

Professor Atwater gives the results of practical studies in diets made to show these conclusions. And he asks: "Has man yet reached his highest development? The poorer classes of people—and few of us realize how numerous they are—the world over are scantily nourished. The majority of mankind live on a nutritive plane far below that with which we are familiar.

We may hope for the best culture, not of the intellectual powers, but of the higher Christian graces in the minds and hearts of men, in proportion as the care of their bodies is provided for. Happily, with advance of knowledge comes the improvement of material conditions. May we not hope that the future development of our race will bring that provision for physical wants which is requisite for the best welfare of mind and soul?"

TEA GROWING.

Rapid Extension of the Business in Ceylon —A Flourishing Industry.

The enormous and rapid extension of tea cultivation in Ceylon and many parts of India, was we know, the result of two special motive causes, the one being the dissatisfaction felt with the quality of the tea imported into this country from China, and the other the failure of the coffee enterprise owing to the ravages of what was too familiarly known of the leaf disease, (Hemeleia vastatrix.)The quondam coffee planters faced their troubles with a patient perseverance which merited a better reward. For not only did they fight with hopes, delusively renewed every year by the apparently returning vigor of their plantations, (whose leaf crop was never more glossy and abundant than just before a fresh attack of the fatal disease,) for the preservation of their coffee trees, but they successively tried the planting of chinchona, cocoa, vanilla, and other products, which one by one failed them in the very hour of anticipated success.

Then they sought to retrieve their fortunes, already sorely shattered, by the planting of tea, a shrub or tree known to be indigenous in many parts of India, and little exacting in its demands upon the soil on which it grows. It formed, therefore a ready and convenient substitute for the discarded coffee trees, and money being a very essential consideration to men whose resources had been exhausted by their protracted struggles, tea plantations, especially in Ceylon, were first formed on the same ground that had been previously occupied by coffee. The product thus originally adopted as a last resort or makeshift has formed in that island its staple industry, so that while in 1873 the exports of tea growers in Ceylon amounted to no more than 23 pounds, they were expected in 1890 to exceed 48,000,000 pounds. My readers will be better able to grasp this astonishing fact when they remember that it takes from three to four years to obtain any produce at all from the tea plant. In the third year, that is to say, there is a small return, but practically the planter has to wait till the fourth year for the fruition of his labors. Thus it happened that the first tentative attempt at growing tea having proved unexpectedly successful, the rush into more extended cultivation was immediate and simultaneous.—The Gentleman's Magazine.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

A 1 shaving materials at Fox's.

Disinfectants of first quality and effectiveness at Bowes & Co.'s. *

Our work advertises us. J. Wenger, watchmaker, 90 Government street. *

Use carbo-napthazone for disinfecting purposes. For sale by Langley & Co., 21 and 23 Yates street. *

Try Breakfast Gem, the finest cereal food for people troubled with dyspepsia, to be had at J. P. Matthews & Co., Sole Agents for Victoria. *

Mr. and Mrs. B. Levy were called upon yesterday to mourn the loss of their infant son Walter, aged five months. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon.

Get prices from Victoria Litho raph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

The latest designs in chenille curtains and portiers at greatly reduced prices at the Arcade.

Fine fishing tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VACCINATION.

Dr. Hanington begs to inform patients that as he will not have any reliable Vaccine Lymph until Wednesday morning next, all his appointments for vaccination will have to be deferred to that date. jy11

DIED.

WAITT—In this city on the 10th inst., Marshall Wilder Waitt, a native of Gardener, Maine, aged 59 years and 10 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

HOTEL DRIARD.

Owing to the unfortunate state of the city at present the management has decided to serve the meals at the Hotel in Table d'Hote style, thus enabling them to decrease the number of employees and diminish the chances of infection.

A doctor will be kept at the Hotel to examine visitors and employees.

jy11 REDON & HARTNAGLE.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria.

The Management of the Hotel Victoria have taken every precaution to guard against infectious disease.

Everything pertaining to the house is new, the sewerage system perfect.

Dr. Geo. A. Duncan, who is the resident physician of the Hotel, makes a personal inspection daily.

F. J. PATTON.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT

AUCTIONEERS,

Will sell by auction in their salerooms, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue, by order of Mrs. McDonald and others, on

Thursday Next at 2 p.m.

The whole of her desirable

FURNITURE

Comprising fine Singer Sewing Machine in splendid order, Bed Lounge, Extension Tables, Dining Chairs, Cane-seated Chairs, handsome Brussels and Tapestry Parlor and Bedroom Carpets, full-sized and ¾ Bed Sets in Hardwood, Bedsteads, Mattresses, fine Heating Stove, small Stove, Blankets, Comforts, Feather Pillows, pair of Needlework Footstools, 40 feet of excellent Linoleum, Cook Stove, Kitchen Tables and Chairs.

IRON GRAND PIANOFORTE

by Albert W. Ladd & Co., Boston.

Cottage Pianoforte by Evestaff, London, Eng.

Also, massive 13-ft. Counter, and the following Books:—"Lives of the Saints," "Robinson Crusoe," "Home Book," "Platform Echoes, J. B. Gough," "Quiver Readings," etc.

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

PROVINCIAL Cattle Market.

AUCTION SALE ON WEDNESDAY NEXT

—OF—

Fine Dairy Cows and Other Cattle, Chickens, Ducks, Butter, Etc.

Further entries should reach us at once. Send them in to be advertised, for which we make no charge.

RICHARDS & CUTHBERT

MARKET AUCTIONEERS.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

Between Weiler Bros., Plaintiffs.

AND

E. R. Mulder, Defendant.

To E. R. Mulder, of Craigflower, Esquimalt District, BC.:

Take notice that you are required by order of the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, within eight days from the date of this notice, to cause an appearance to be entered for you in the said Court, to the said action, and in default of your so doing the said plaintiffs may proceed to judgment and execution.

H. G. HALL, Solicitor for the Plaintiffs.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 11th day of July, 1892. jy11-3t

SPECTACLE WEARERS

NOTE:

The above illustration shows how you are fitted by jewelers and so-called opticians. RESULT:—Positive ruination of sight.

This shows how you are fitted by the first and ONLY OPTICIANS in British Columbia. RESULT:—Comfort and ease to the eyes, and preservation of sight.

F. W. NOLTE & CO

(Successors to Hyar s)

87 FORT STREET.

WHEN

WOODENWARE

OR

WASHBOARDS

Are wanted ask for

THE

E. B. EDDY CO'S

Their name is a guarantee of superiority.

Jas. Mitchell, Agent, 102 Government St., Victoria

mon

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKER.

Agent Union Fire Assurance Society of London, Eng.

Eighteen fine Lots on Michigan, Powell and Toronto streets, the very best residential property in James Bay. Reasonable prices and liberal terms.

Lots in Fernwood, Saanich Road, Work Estate, Spring Ridge and Victoria West. Some good buys in City Lots.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to June 5th next for that magnificent homestead property known as

STEVENS' FARM AND HOTEL (Westwood Farm)

on the Saanich Road, containing 950 acres, more or less, being Sections 63, 64, 75, 76, 77, 91, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, Lake District.

There are 150 acres under thorough cultivation. A magnificent orchard of about 1000 fruit trees, all bearing. Two-story Hotel and license. Barns, sheds and all kinds of outhouses. There is a living spring stream of water running through the property.

The above magnificent piece of property can be bought on the following easy terms:—One-third cash, one-third two years, one-third five years, at 7% interest.

F. C. RICHARDS, Jr. - - 51 Yates Street.

THE WESTSIDE

The Dry Goods House Of

VICTORIA, B. C.

The Plain Truth Tells We are.

SELLING CHEAP

TWENTY-ACRE BLOCKS

FRASER RIVER VALLEY.

For a few days only, we offer for sale some very choice bottom land, suitable for Hop Culture, situate in Sections 6 and 7, old Langley Townsite, about ½ mile from river. Good Road. Land never flooded. At the low price of

$30 PER ACRE.

Full particulars on application to

HEISTERMAN & CO.,

75 Government street.

GEORGE R. JACKSON

THE LEADING TAILOR

Is Selling the Balance of Summer Stock at Cost.

Everyone knows that this is as large as any other two establishments of the kind in the Province. We carry more stock and do more business than all others in town put together. Prices for the present as low as any. Summer Stock must be sold.

CALL EARLY AND SECURE A GOOD SELECTION.

FIVE SISTERS BLOCK, 57 GOVERNMENT ST.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHAT WE CLEAN, DYE AND FINISH

OSTRICH FEATHERS.
LADIES' DRESSES.
VELVET.
DAMASK.
SHAWLS.
FURNITURE COVERING.
WINDOW CURTAINS
CARPETS.

Orders from the Country, by Mail or Express, Promptly Attended to

The British Columbia Steam Power Dye Works

OFFICE—52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

D. C. HUTCHINSON & SONS (Late of Paisley, Scotland), PROPRIETORS.

Victoria Daily Times

REGULATIONS

ISSUED BY THE

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL

IN THE MATTER OF

SMALL-POX.

[L.S.] HUGH NELSON.

THEODORE DAVIE, *Attorney-General.*

WHEREAS by virtue of the "Health Act" the respective Corporations of the Cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo are created Local Boards of Health within their respective limits and jurisdiction, and by the same Act it is provided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may from time to time define the duties, functions, and powers of Local Boards of Health in anywise relating to endemic or contagious diseases or disorders, and may make rules and orders for the inspection of dwelling houses, curtilages, hospitals, gaols, and other places, and generally for the regulation of all matters and things whatsoever in relation to or in connection with sanitary matters, including the infliction of fines and penalties for the enforcement of any such rules and regulations:

And whereas in view of danger of an invasion by small-pox the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has, pursuant to section 5 of the said Act, been pleased by Order in Council, dated the 9th July, 1892, to appoint a Health Officer for the Province, and it is advisable to make rules and regulations under the said Act:

Therefore His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has, by and with the advice of his Executive Council, been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. It shall be the duty of each of the Corporations of the Cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, and Nanaimo to appoint a duly qualified medical practitioner to be designated and to act as Municipal Health Officer for the Corporation, whose duty it shall be to co-operate with the Provincial Health Officer in arresting the spread of small-pox and, in his absence, to act in his stead; and it shall also be the duty of such Corporations to detail such number of policemen, and to appoint such other persons as may be required by the Provincial Health Officer, or the Municipal Health Officer, for such duties from time to time as may be indicated by such Health Officers, or either of them, and in the event of the Local Board of Health neglecting to make any required appointment, the Provincial Health Officer or, in his absence, the Municipal Health Officer, may make such appointments. Where in either of the said cities a Health Officer has before the date of these rules been appointed by the Local Board, such Health Officer shall be the Municipal Health Officer during the will of the Local Board without further appointment.

2. When small-pox breaks out, or in cases where it has broken out, in either of the said cities the Local Board of Health, if not already provided, shall immediately, at the cost of the Municipality, provide such temporary hospitals, hospital tents, or other place, or places of reception for the sick and infected as they shall judge best for their accommodation and the safety of the inhabitants.

3. On the occurrence of the first or any case of small-pox, the Municipal Health Officer shall at once remove the person attacked to the hospital, tent, or other place provided under the preceding rule, or shall cause such person to be otherwise efficiently isolated, and shall take proper measures for the disinfection, or, if necessary, the destruction of all clothing, which may have been exposed to contagion, and for the disinfection and purification of every conveyance, rail, or tramcar, steamboat, sailing vessel, carriage, or other vehicle which may have been exposed to contagion.

Victoria Daily Times

4. The Municipal Health Officer shall further place, in another building or tent which shall be provided by the Local Board of Health, all persons (other than the nurses and necessary attendants upon the infected persons) who may have been exposed to the contagion, and shall supply them with all necessaries until the period of incubation of the disease shall have elapsed, and no such person shall go, or be permitted to go, abroad until he has given satisfactory proof of successful vaccination within the preceding seven years, or shall have obtained a medical certificate of insusceptibility to the vaccine disease, nor until the clothing or effects worn or carried by him have been properly disinfected, if the same have been exposed to contagion.

5. Whenever an infected person shall, under the provisions of Rule 3, be isolated in a house or place other than the general hospital, tent, or place provided by the Local Board, under Rule 2, it shall be incumbent on the Municipal Health Officer to appoint and employ a proper person or persons, to keep constant watch over the house or place where such infected person shall be kept, and not to permit ingress or egress to or from such house or place, except to a duly qualified medical man attendant upon such infected person (or to a clergyman under regulations to be made by the Municipal Health Officer), or other person by the permission of the Municipal Health Officer, and any person accepting the duty of watchman under this rule, who shall depart from his duty as watchman, or shall neglect his duty, or who shall permit of ingress or egress to or from the affected premises, or any communication therewith contrary to this rule, or who shall disobey, or fail to observe any direction of the Municipal Health Officer relative to the duties of such watchman, shall incur a penalty of fifty dollars, to be recovered upon summary conviction, or in default of payment, to three months imprisonment with or without hard labour.

6. Any person who shall, contrary to the preceding rule, depart from or enter any such hospital, tent, or place, as is mentioned in Rule 2, wherein there shall be any person infected with small-pox, or who shall carry or remove, or permit to be carried or removed, any article or thing from such hospital, tent, or place, shall be subject, on summary conviction, to a penalty of one hundred dollars, or to six months imprisonment, with or without hard labour.

7. When any vessel coming from an infected locality enters any port the Municipal Health Officer shall make or cause to be made a strict inspection of the vessel and examination of the passengers, officers, and crew, before any person, luggage, or freight, or other thing is landed, or allowed to be landed from it, and where any infected or exposed person is found on board, he shall be dealt with in the manner directed in Rule 3, and no luggage, freight, or other thing shall be landed from the vessel until they shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

8. No vessel shall be permitted to depart from the harbours of the said cities until an inspection shall have been had in manner provided by the preceding rule, and removal of any person who shall be found to be infected.

9. The Provincial Health Officer, or in his absence the Municipal Health Officer, may appoint Medical Inspectors, who shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Provincial Health Officer, and may board all trains and vessels arriving within the limits of the respective jurisdictions for which they are appointed; and every such Inspector may take, in respect of any person's baggage, freight, or effects arriving by any train or vessel, any sanitary precautions authorized by the Provincial Health Officer, which, in the opinion of such Inspector, are necessary or expedient for guarding against the further introduction of small-pox into British Columbia. The Inspector may require any person travelling on any such train or vessel, either to produce for examination by the Inspector a medical certificate of such person having been vaccinated, within the preceding seven years, or not being susceptible to the vaccine disease, or to exhibit to such Inspector the marks on his person of successful vaccination, such as to satisfy the Inspector that the same has been performed within seven years, and on default the Inspector is hereby empowered to vaccinate such person, or cause him to be vaccinated, either before he is permitted to leave the train or vessel, or immediately thereafter, at his discretion; and each person so travelling shall answer truthfully all reasonable questions which an Inspector shall, in the performance of his duty, ask such person with reference to the places such person has been at, and his stay there, during the fourteen days next preceding such inquiry being made; and in case such person refuses to answer, or does not satisfy the Inspector by his answers, the Inspector shall be justified in presuming that such person has been within such time exposed to infection, and shall act accordingly.

10. Health Officers and Medical Inspectors, as the case may be, shall, in respect of the duties herein mentioned, be governed by the following rules:—

(1.) An Inspector shall attend at the railway station or steamboat wharf a reasonable time prior to the departure of every boat or train going out, and shall, whenever he deems it expedient, take passage on such boat or train:

Victoria Daily Times

(2.) If the Inspector believes that any such person is infected, or that his or her clothing or other effects contain infection, the Inspector shall detain such person and his or her clothing and effects aforesaid, at some convenient point *en route*, until the period of incubation is over, and the clothing and other effects shall be at once disinfected:

(3.) If the Medical Inspector only suspects that any person on board, or the effects of any such person have been exposed to infection, the Medical Inspector shall notify the Municipal Health Officer of the locality to which the person is going, or other the proper authority, to meet the train or boat, and to keep the said person thereafter under observation:

(4.) In either of the cases mentioned in the two next preceding rules, unless the person believed to be conveying, or suspected of conveying contagion, shows satisfactory proof of vaccination within seven years, or of insusceptibility to the vaccine disease, he shall be forthwith vaccinated; and, if necessary, shall be detained until vaccinated:

(5.) The action to be taken in the event of a case of small-pox being discovered is shortly as follows:—(*a.*) Detention and isolation of persons affected; (*b.*) Fumigation of car or boat; (*c*) Vaccination of all persons who have been exposed to the contagion; (*d.*) Detention of any person who refuses to be vaccinated; (*e.*) Notification of Local Health Officers at places of destination.

11. Any person wilfully making any misstatement to any Provincial Health Officer, Municipal Health Officer or Inspector, in any matter relating to the efforts of any such officer or Inspector to prevent the introduction or spread of small-pox, shall be subject, upon summary conviction, to a fine of fifty dollars, or in default of payment to imprisonment for one month, with or without hard labour.

12. Either the Provincial Health Officer, or any Municipal Health Officer, may himself act as an Inspector under these rules, and the Provincial Health Officer shall have all the powers of a Municipal Health Officer.

13. The Local Board of Health of each of the said Cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, and Nanaimo shall each contract with some legally qualified practitioner or practitioners for the period of one year, and so from year to year as such contract expires, for the vaccination, at the expense of the municipality, of all poor persons, and at their own expense of all other persons resident in the city who come to such medical practitioner or practitioners for that purpose.

(2.) It shall be a condition of every such contract that the amount of the remuneration to be received under the same shall depend on the number of persons who, not having been previously successfully vaccinated, are successfully vaccinated by such medical practitioner or practitioners, respectively, so contracting.

14. It shall be incumbent upon the Local Board to arrange suitable times and places for vaccination, and to give public notice thereof.

15. The father or mother of every child born in either of the said cities shall, at some appointed time within three months after the birth of such child, or in the event of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, then the person who has the care, nurture, or custody of the child shall, at some appointed time within four months after the birth of the child, cause the child to be taken to some medical practitioner appointed under the preceding sections of these Rules, at an appointed time and place, for the purpose of being vaccinated, and then and there shall permit the child to be vaccinated, unless the child has been previously vaccinated by some legally qualified medical practitioner, and the vaccination duly certified; and the medical practitioner so appointed shall, and he is hereby required thereupon to vaccinate the child, or to do so as soon afterwards as it can conveniently and properly be done.

(2.) This Rule and Rules 16 and 17 shall also apply to all children over the age of three months becoming resident in either of the said cities, and such children shall, for the purposes of these rules, be considered as children born in the city at the date that they became resident within it.

16. Upon the eighth day following the day on which any child has been vaccinated as aforesaid, the father or mother, or other person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child as aforesaid, shall again take, or cause the child to be taken, to the medical practitioner by whom the operation was performed, or other similarly appointed medical practitioner in attendance as aforesaid, in order that the medical practitioner may ascertain by inspection the result of the operation.

17. Upon and immediately after the successful vaccination of a child born in either of the said cities, the medical practitioner who performed the operation shall deliver to the father or mother, or other person as aforesaid, a certificate under his hand, according to the form of

Victoria Daily Times

Schedule A to these rules, that the child has been successfully vaccinated, and shall also transmit a duplicate of the said certificate to the Clerk of the city wherein the operation was performed.

18. If any medical practitioner appointed as aforesaid is of opinion that a child brought to him as aforesaid is not in a fit and proper state to be successfully vaccinated, he shall deliver to the father or mother of the child, or other person having its custody, on demand, and without fee or reward, a certificate under his hand, according to the form of Schedule B to these Rules, that the child is in an unfit state for successful vaccination.

19. Such certificate, or any similar certificate of a legally qualified medical practitioner, respecting any child born as aforesaid, shall remain in force for two months from its delivery; and the father or mother of the child, or the person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child as aforesaid, shall (unless they have, within each succeeding period of two months, obtained from a legally qualified medical practitioner a renewal of such certificate), within two months after the delivery of the said certificate as aforesaid, and if the child is not vaccinated at or by the termination of such period of two months, then during each succeeding period of two months until the child has been successfully vaccinated, take or cause to be taken to the medical practitioner so appointed as aforesaid such child to be vaccinated by him; and if the said medical practitioner deems the child to be then in a fit and proper state for such successful vaccination, he shall forthwith vaccinate it accordingly, and shall, upon or immediately after the successful vaccination of the child, deliver to the father or mother of the child, or the person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child as aforesaid, a certificate under his hand, according to the form of Schedule A to these Rules, that the child has been successfully vaccinated; but if the medical practitioner is of opinion that the said child is still in an unfit state for successful vaccination, then he shall again deliver to the father or mother of the child, or to the person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child as aforesaid, a certificate under his hand, according to the form of Schedule B to these Rules, that the child is still in an unfit state for successful vaccination, and the said medical practitioner, so long as the child remains in an unfit state for vaccination and unvaccinated, shall, at the expiration of every succeeding period of two months, deliver, if required, to the father or mother of the child, or to the person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child, a fresh certificate under his hand, according to the form of Schedule B to these Rules.

20. The production of such certificate, or of any similar certificate, from any legally qualified medical practitioner, shall be a sufficient defence against any complaint brought against the father or mother, or person having the care, nurture or custody of such child, for non-compliance with the provisions of these Rules.

21. In the event of a medical practitioner employed under the provisions of these Rules, or any other duly qualified medical practioner, being of opinion that any child as aforesaid that has been vaccinated by him is insusceptible of the vaccine disease, he shall deliver to the father or mother of the child, or to the person having as aforesaid the care, nurture or custody of the child, a certificate under his hand, according to the form of Schedule C to these Rules; and the production of the certificate shall be a sufficient defence against any complaint which may be brought against the father or mother, or person having the care, nurture or custody of the child, for non-compliance with the provisions of these Rules.

22. If a father or mother, or person so having as aforesaid the care, nurture, or custody of any child as aforesaid, does not cause the child to be vaccinated within the periods prescribed by these Rules, or does not on the eighth day after the vaccination has been performed take, or cause to be taken, the child for inspection, according to the provisions in these Rules respectively contained, then the father or mother, or person having the care, nurture, or custody of the child as aforesaid, so offending, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five dollars, recoverable on summary conviction before a Police Magistrate or any two Justices of the Peace sitting and having jurisdiction in the municipality in which the offence was committed.

23. The production of a certificate in the form of Schedule A or C, under the hand of a legally qualified medical practitioner, shall be a sufficient defence against any such complaint; but the production of a certificate in the form of Schedule B shall not be a sufficient defence, unless the vaccination is thereby postponed to a day subsequent to that on which the complaint is brought.

24. Every person resident in either of the said Cities at the time of the coming into force of these rules of the age of fourteen years or upwards, and who has not been successfully vaccinated (the proof by marks upon the body or otherwise whereof shall lie upon the person alleging himself to have been so vaccinated) within seven years shall within two months from

Victoria Daily Times

the passage of these rules present himself or herself for vaccination to a medical practitioner appointed under these rules, and every father or head of a family resident in the Municipality, and every schoolmaster or person keeping a school within the City, and every other person having the care and charge of children and young persons, shall cause all persons under the care of any such head of a family, schoolmaster, or other person who have not been successfully vaccinated, as provided by these rules, to be brought within two months from the passage of these rules, or sooner if so required by the Provincial Health Officer, or a Municipal Health Officer, or an Inspector appointed under these rules, for the purpose of vaccination to a medical practitioner appointed under these rules.

25. The Provincial Health Officer, or in his absence the Municipal Health Officer, shall have power to order any public meeting or gathering of more than six persons in any of the said Cities forthwith to disband, or may prohibit any proposed assemblage, picnic or excursion.

26. Any persons theretofore assembled at any meeting or gathering continuing together to the number of six after any order or direction has been given to disband pursuant to the preceding section shall be subject to arrest without warrant or process by any constable or peace officer, and every such person shall be liable, upon summary conviction, to a fine of one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding six months.

27. All expenses incurred by any Provincial Health Officer, or Municipal Health Officer, or Inspector, and within the scope of his duties, shall be borne and paid by the City where such expenses are incurred, but nothing herein contained shall impose upon any City the obligation to pay the salary of the Provincial Health Officer.

And whereas by the said "Health Act" it is also, among other things, provided that the Council of every Municipality shall be the Local Board of Health for such Municipality, and that it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor, by writing under his hand, to appoint such and so many persons as he may think fit to form a Local Board for any place in the Province not being a Municipality.

28. Therefore it is hereby ordered that in each district of the Province not being a Municipality the Government Agent for the time being in charge of such district shall be the Local Board for such district, and shall have, within and for his jurisdiction, in the absence of the Provincial Health Officer, all the powers vested by law, whether under these rules or otherwise, in the Provincial Health Officer.

29. The Local Boards, other than those of the Cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, and Nanaimo, shall in regard to the cases of small-pox arising within their respective jurisdictions follow, as nearly as may be, the rules and regulations hereby enacted and made applicable to the said Cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, and Nanaimo, and these rules, *mutatis mutandis*, shall apply to the Municipalities throughout the Province other than the Cities aforesaid.

30. The Provincial Health Officer may from time to time adopt such regulations, and make such orders, and give such directions regarding small-pox in places outside of the said Cities as he may see fit, and any such regulations, orders and directions shall be carried out by the Local Boards respectively.

31. The trustees, governors, directors or other officers or persons having at any time the control and management of any hospital or dispensary receiving aid from the public funds of this Province, shall keep at all times in such hospital or dispensary an adequate supply of vaccine matter for the following purposes, viz:—

First.—For the vaccination, by a legally qualified medical practitioner attached to such hospital or dispensary, at the expense of the same, of all poor persons, and at their own expense of all other persons, who attend at such hospital or dispensary for that purpose, during one day in every week; the fee to be charged for such vaccination not in any case to exceed fifty cents, and to be used and applied for the benefit of the hospital or dispensary:

Second.—For the purpose of furnishing, on application, to each and every legally qualified medical practitioner, such reasonable quantities of the said matter as he from time to time requires:

Third.—For the purpose of furnishing, on application, to the Indian Agent, or his assistant, such reasonable quantities of the said matter as he may from time to time require for the use and benefit of any settlement of Indians.

32. Any Local Board of Health may, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, may issue regulations for taking possession of any land, or any unoccupied building thereon, for any of the purposes mentioned in these Rules; but such regulations shall not authorize the taking or obtaining for the hospital of any Municipality any land or buildings outside the limits of such Municipality.

Victoria Daily Times

33. In case of actual or apprehended emergency such possession may be taken without a prior agreement with the owner of the land or building, and without his consent, and may be retained for such period as may appear to the Board to be necessary.

34. Where possession is taken without the consent of the owner, the Board shall, within five days thereafter, give notice thereof to the owner. In the event of the owner not being known, or not being resident within the Province, or of his residence therein being unknown to the Board, such Board shall cause the notice to be published for two insertions in some local newspaper having a circulation within the municipality wherein the property is situate, and shall mail to the last known address (if any) of the owner a copy of the notice in a registered letter prepaid, and such publication shall be sufficient notice to the owner.

35. The owner of any land or building shall be entitled to compensation for the use and occupation thereof, including any damages arising from such use and occupation, such compensation to be agreed upon between the Board and the owner; and in case they do not agree, the Judge of the County Court of the County wherein the property is situate shall summarily determine the amount of the compensation, and the terms of payment, in such manner, and after giving such notices, if any, as he sees fit.

36. Where any resistance or forcible opposition is offered or apprehended to possession being taken of any land or building under these Rules, the Judge of the County Court may, without notice to any person, issue his warrant to the Sheriff of the County, or to any other person, as he may deem most suitable, requiring him to put the Board, their or his servants or agents, in possession, and to put down such resistance or opposition, which the Sheriff or Bailiff (taking with him sufficient assistance) shall accordingly do.

37. No land or building to be used as a hospital, or hospital tent, for the purposes of these Rules, shall be nearer than 150 yards to an inhabited dwelling.

38. It shall be lawful for the Trustees of any Public School or High School, to provide that no child shall be permitted to attend school without producing a certificate of successful vaccination, or that the child is insusceptible of vaccination.

39. Any person wilfully contravening any provision of these rules, or wilfully disobeying, or failing to obey any general or special regulation, direction or order of the Provincial Health Officer, or Municipal Health Officer, or Inspector, in relation to any of the powers and duties reposed in any such Provincial Health Officer, Municipal Health Officer or Inspector by law, or according to these rules, shall be subject forthwith to arrest and detention without warrant or process by any constable or peace officer, and shall also be liable, upon summary conviction (if no other penalty is herein provided), to a fine of fifty dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, with or without hard labour, or at the discretion of the convicting Magistrate to both fine and imprisonment, and any city constable or peace officer disobeying, or failing to obey, the lawful orders of the Provincial Health Officer, or the Municipal Health Officer, shall be subject to dismissal forthwith by the Provincial Health Officer, and thereafter during the term of office of the Provincial Health Officer the Corporation shall no longer employ any such constable or peace officer.

40. It shall be the duty of every medical practitioner who shall attend upon or know of any case of small-pox to forthwith give notice of the particulars of the case to the Board of Health or to the Provincial Health Officer or Municipal Health Officer, as the case may require; and every householder, knowing that a person within his house is infected with small-pox, shall likewise immediately give notice.

41. Nothing in these Rules shall be deemed to supersede any law, rule, or regulation heretofore promulgated by lawful authority, and not inconsistent with these Rules.

42. These Regulations may be cited as the "Provincial Health Rules, 1892."

Dated at Victoria, this 11th day of July, A.D. 1892.

By Command.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,

Deputy Provincial Secretary.

SCHEDULE A.

CERTIFICATE OF VACCINATION.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that , the child of aged , of Ward, in the City of *(or as the case may be)*, has been successfully vaccinated by me

(Signed) *A. B.*

Dated this day of , 18 .

SCHEDULE B.

CERTIFICATE OF UNFITNESS FOR VACCINATION.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am of opinion that , the child of , of Ward, in the City of *(or as the case may be)*, aged , is not now in a fit and proper state to be successfully vaccinated, and I do hereby postpone the vaccinated, and I do hereby postpone the vaccination until the day of

(Signed), *A.B.*

Dated this day of , 189 .

SCHEDULE C.

CERTIFICARE OF INSUSCEPTIBILITY TO VACCINE DISEASE.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am of opinion that , the child of , of Ward, in the City of *(or as the case may be)*, is insusceptible of the vaccine disease.

(Signed) *A. B.*

Dated this day of , 18 .

VICTORIA, B. C.:
Printed by RICHARD WOLFENDEN, Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty